

(Convenience translation of the independent auditor's report and consolidated financial statements originally issued in Turkish)

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

**1 JANUARY – 31 DECEMBER 2024 CONSOLIDATED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TOGETHER WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Aygaz Anonim Şirketi

A) Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

1) Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Aygaz Anonim Şirketi (“the Company”) and its subsidiaries (“the Group”), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2024, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Turkish Financial Reporting Standards (“TFRS”).

2) Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Independent Auditing Standards (“InAS”) which are part of the Turkish Auditing Standards as issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority of Turkey (“POA”) and adopted within the framework of Capital Markets Board (“CMB”) regulations. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the *Code of Ethics for Independent Auditors* (“Code of Ethics”) as issued by the POA and other ethical principles included in CMB legislation, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

3) Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group were prepared in accordance with the TFRS published by the POA as of December 31, 2023, were audited by another audit firm whose independent auditor’s report thereon dated March 4, 2024 expressed an unqualified opinion.



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4) Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter Addressed in the Audit
Revenue recognition	
<p>Revenue is measured as the amount received or receivable in exchange for goods or services rendered, net of discounts and returns.</p> <p>Revenue is one of the most significant indicators in the Group's performance evaluation. It plays a crucial role in assessing the outcomes of strategies implemented during the year and tracking performance. Given its importance in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for period ended January 1 - December 31, 2024, revenue has been identified as a key audit matter.</p> <p>The Group's accounting policies and disclosures related to revenue recognition and amounts are presented in Notes 2.5 and 23.</p>	<p>The following procedures have been performed in relation to the audit of revenue:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Understanding the revenue processes,- Identifying controls related to sales processes and performing tests on the design of these controls,- Assessing the compliance of the Group's revenue recognition policies with TFRS,- Applying analytical procedures to evaluate whether the revenue recorded in the financial statements is at expected levels,- Performing sample-based tests on sales invoices and matching them with dispatch notes,- Testing whether control over the products in the sampled invoices has been transferred to the customer,- Selecting samples from shipment documents and reconciling them with accounting records and related invoices to test the completeness of revenue,- Obtaining confirmation letters from customers for selected trade receivable balances and verifying the responses against accounting records.



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Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter Addressed in the Audit
Investments accounted under equity-method	
<p>The investments classified as associates within the Group are measured using the equity method in accordance with TAS 28, and any increases or decreases in value are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur.</p> <p>As of December 31, 2024, the Group's investments accounted for using the equity method are carried at a value of 38.218.880 thousand TL in the consolidated statement of financial position, with a recognized share of 1.701.373 thousand TL from the net profits of the current period.</p> <p>These investments represent 62% of the Group's total assets in the consolidated statement of financial position, while their share in the current period's profit accounts for 63% of the profit before tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Given the significance of these amounts and the recoverability of the investments, this matter has been identified as a key audit matter.</p> <p>Further details on investments accounted for using the equity method are disclosed in Note 12.</p>	<p>During our audit, the following procedures were performed concerning investments accounted for using the equity method:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Auditing the financial statements of equity-accounted investments to ensure compliance with TFRS,- Reviewing movements in the equity of the relevant associates and reconciling the Group's share of net assets,- Assessing whether there are any events or conditions that may indicate potential impairment of equity-accounted investments,- Evaluating the appropriateness and adequacy of the disclosures related to equity-accounted investments in the consolidated financial statement notes in accordance with TFRS.



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Key Audit matter	How the Key Audit Matter Addressed in the Audit
Application of the hyperinflationary accounting	
<p>As stated in Note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group has started to apply "TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies" since the functional currency of the Company ("Turkish Lira") is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy as of December 31, 2024.</p> <p>In accordance with TAS 29, consolidated financial statements and corresponding figures for previous periods have been restated for the changes in the general purchasing power of Turkish Lira and, as a result, are expressed in terms of purchasing power of Turkish Lira as of the reporting date.</p> <p>In accordance with TAS 29, the Group utilized the Türkiye consumer price indices to prepare inflation adjusted financial statements. The principles applied for inflation adjustment is explained in Note 2.1.</p> <p>Given the significance of the impact of TAS 29 on the reported result and financial position of the Group, we have assessed the hyperinflation accounting as a key audit matter.</p>	<p>Our audit procedures included the following;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Meeting with the management responsible for financial reporting and reviewing the principles taken into account during the implementation of TAS 29, the determination of non-monetary accounts and the tests performed on the designed TAS 29 models, - Testing the inputs and indices used to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the calculations, - Checking the restatements of corresponding figures as required by TAS 29, - Assessing the adequacy of the information provided in inflation adjusted financial statements for compliance with TAS 29.

5) Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with TFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.



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6) Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

In an independent audit, our responsibilities as the auditors are:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with standards on auditing as issued by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey and InAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with standards on auditing as issued by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey and InAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



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We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

B) Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) Auditors' report on Risk Management System and Committee prepared in accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 398 of Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") 6102 is submitted to the Board of Directors of the Company on February 17, 2025.
- 2) In accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Company's bookkeeping activities for the period 1 January - 31 December 2024 and financial statements are not in compliance with laws and provisions of the Company's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.
- 3) In accordance with paragraph 4 of Article 402 of the TCC, the Board of Directors submitted to us the necessary explanations and provided required documents within the context of audit.

The name of the engagement partner who supervised and concluded this audit is Seçkin Özdemir.

Güney Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi
A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited



Seçkin Özdemir, SMMM
Partner

February 17, 2025
İstanbul, Türkiye

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AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	Audited 31 December 2024	Audited 31 December 2023
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	3.844.031	4.871.616
Financial investments		-	212.621
Trade receivables		4.097.403	5.795.684
- Trade receivables from related parties	32	618.794	434.447
- Trade receivables from third parties	8	3.478.609	5.361.237
Other receivables		16.476	9.946
- Other receivables from third parties	9	16.476	9.946
Inventories	11	2.477.622	2.865.757
Prepaid expenses	20	118.224	164.783
Assets related to current year tax	31	46.826	2.729
Other current assets	19	206.764	721.518
Total current assets		10.807.346	14.644.654
Non-current assets			
Financial investments	5	4.179.945	3.852.520
Trade receivables		46.168	23.202
- Trade receivables from third parties	8	46.168	23.202
Other receivables		2.648	5.805
- Other receivables from third parties	9	2.648	5.805
Investments accounted under equity method	12	38.182.380	40.323.401
Property, plant and equipment	13	8.269.085	6.327.322
Right-of-use assets	15	47.613	618.723
Intangible assets		258.213	348.196
- Other intangible assets	14	258.213	348.196
Prepaid expenses	20	32.409	60.613
Deferred tax asset	31	24.228	482.180
Total non-current assets		51.042.689	52.041.962
Total assets		61.850.035	66.686.616

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	Audited 31 December 2024	Audited 31 December 2023
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Short-term liabilities			
Short-term financial borrowings	6	1.287.712	1.432.248
Current portion of long-term financial borrowings	6	50.126	1.638.811
Trade payables		4.541.641	7.555.773
- Trade payables to related parties	32	794.033	1.509.699
- Trade payables to third parties	8	3.747.608	6.046.074
Liabilities for employee benefits	10	401.019	384.292
Other payables		10.764	10.779
- Other payables to related parties	32	2.101	2.144
- Other payables to third parties	9	8.663	8.635
Derivative financial instruments	7	-	1.483
Deferred income	21	72.145	71.508
Current income tax liabilities	31	34.192	117.620
Short-term provisions		861.235	1.118.610
- Other provisions	18	861.235	1.118.610
Other current liabilities	19	668.312	714.246
Total short-term liabilities		7.927.146	13.045.370
Long-term liabilities			
Long-term financial borrowings	6	662.743	134.550
Other payables		277.351	307.904
- Trade payables to third parties	9	277.351	307.904
Long-term provisions		255.543	356.472
- Long-term provisions for employee benefits	17	255.543	356.472
Deferred tax liabilities	31	454.624	110.327
Total long-term liabilities		1.650.261	909.253
Total liabilities		9.577.407	13.954.623
Equity			
Share capital	22	219.801	219.801
Adjustment to share capital	22	5.892.519	5.892.519
Other comprehensive income or expenses			
not to be reclassified to profit or loss		1.263.715	1.072.403
Gains (losses) on the revaluation and/or reclassification		1.290.979	1.139.708
- Gains (losses) remeasurement from defined benefit plans		(159.739)	(124.024)
- Gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	22	1.450.718	1.263.732
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(27.264)	(67.305)
Other comprehensive income or expenses to be reclassified to profit or loss		(864.736)	(433.509)
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss		(864.736)	(433.509)
Restricted reserves	22	4.440.519	4.258.838
Retained earnings		39.198.189	32.614.688
Net profit for the period		2.122.621	8.596.186
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		52.272.628	52.220.926
Non-controlling interest		-	511.067
Total equity		52.272.628	52.731.993
Total equity and liabilities		61.850.035	66.686.616

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

		Audited 1 January - 31 December 2024	Audited 1 January - 31 December 2023
	Notes		
Revenue	23	81.773.124	93.607.612
Cost of sales (-)	23	(74.899.125)	(86.442.381)
Gross profit		6.873.999	7.165.231
General administrative expenses (-)	24	(2.631.381)	(3.091.359)
Marketing expenses (-)	24	(3.595.675)	(3.529.423)
Research and development expenses (-)	24	(24.019)	(39.685)
Other operating income	26	2.045.452	2.295.937
Other operating expenses (-)	26	(1.793.027)	(2.495.426)
Operating profit		875.349	305.275
Income from investment activities	27	256.465	465.045
Loss from investment activities (-)	27	(147.901)	(26.216)
Profit (losses) from investments accounted under equity method	12	1.664.873	7.347.525
Operating profit before financial income (expense)		2.648.786	8.091.629
Financial income	28	1.274.839	1.862.037
Financial expense (-)	28	(853.372)	(2.529.159)
Net monetary position gains (losses)	29	(425.561)	467.066
Profit from continuing operations before tax		2.644.692	7.891.573
Tax income (expense), continuing operations			
Current tax expense for the period (-)	31	(250.863)	(570.257)
Deferred tax income (expense)	31	(742.953)	678.213
Profit for the period		1.650.876	7.999.529
Distribution of profit for the period			
Non-controlling interest		(471.745)	(596.657)
Equity holders of the parent		2.122.621	8.596.186
Earnings per share (TRY)	30	9,6570	39,1089
Diluted earnings per share (TRY)	30	9,6570	39,1089

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPERHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	Audited 1 January - 31 December 2024	Audited 1 January - 31 December 2023
Profit (loss) for the period		1.650.876	7.999.529
Other comprehensive income			
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss		191.312	18.841
Gains (losses) re-measurement on defined benefit plans		(47.405)	(12.223)
Gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income			
- <i>Gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income</i>		327.716	15.572
- <i>Gains (losses) from re-measurement on defined benefit plans of investments using equity method</i>		40.041	9.458
Taxes relating to other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit (loss)			
- <i>Gains (losses) re-measurement on defined benefit plan, tax effect</i>	31	11.690	6.812
- <i>Gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, tax effect</i>	31	(140.730)	(778)
To be reclassified to profit or loss		(431.227)	(118.261)
Currency translation differences		-	94.801
Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges			
- <i>Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges</i>		-	7.995
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
- <i>Gains (losses) from cash flow hedges of investments using equity method</i>		237.821	343.379
- <i>Gains (losses) from currency translation differences of investments using equity method</i>		(669.048)	(565.531)
Taxes relating to other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit (loss)			
- <i>Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges, tax effect</i>	31	-	1.095
Other comprehensive income (expense) (after taxation)		(239.915)	(99.420)
Total other comprehensive income		1.410.961	7.900.109
Distribution of total comprehensive income			
- Non-controlling interest		(471.745)	(596.657)
- Equity holders of the parent		1.882.706	8.496.766

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TRY”) in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	Other comprehensive income or expenses not to be reclassified to profit or loss				Other comprehensive income or expenses to be reclassified to profit or loss				Accumulated profit					
		Share capital	Adjustment to share capital	Gains (losses) on re-measurement of defined benefit plans	Gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	Currency translation differences	Gains (losses) on cash flow hedges	Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using equity method that will be reclassified to profit or loss	Restricted reserves	Retained earnings	Net profit for the period	Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
Audited															
As of 1 January 2023		219.801	5.892.519	(118.613)	1.248.938	(76.763)	(94.801)	(9.090)	(211.357)	4.294.492	23.145.669	9.887.249	44.178.044	378.473	44.556.517
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35.654)	9.922.903	(9.887.249)	-	-	-
Increase in capital		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	729.251	729.251
Total comprehensive income (expense)		-	-	(5.411)	14.794	9.458	94.801	9.090	(222.152)	-	-	8.596.186	8.496.766	(596.657)	7.900.109
Net income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.596.186	8.596.186	(596.657)	7.999.529
Other comprehensive income (expense)		-	-	(5.411)	14.794	9.458	94.801	9.090	(222.152)	-	-	-	(99.420)	-	(99.420)
Dividend paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(453.884)	-	(453.884)	-	(453.884)
As of 31 December 2023		219.801	5.892.519	(124.024)	1.263.732	(67.305)	-	-	(433.509)	4.258.838	32.614.688	8.596.186	52.220.926	511.067	52.731.993
Audited															
As of 1 January 2024		219.801	5.892.519	(124.024)	1.263.732	(67.305)	-	-	(433.509)	4.258.838	32.614.688	8.596.186	52.220.926	511.067	52.731.993
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	181.681	8.414.505	(8.596.186)	-	-	-
Increase in capital		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	301.748	301.748
Total comprehensive income (expense)		-	-	(35.715)	186.986	40.041	-	-	(431.227)	-	-	2.122.621	1.882.706	(471.745)	1.410.961
Net income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.122.621	2.122.621	(471.745)	1.650.876
Other comprehensive income (expense)		-	-	(35.715)	186.986	40.041	-	-	(431.227)	-	-	-	(239.915)	-	(239.915)
Increase/decrease resulting from changes in ownership percentages leading to loss of control		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(341.070)	(341.070)
Dividend paid	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.831.004)	-	(1.831.004)	-	(1.831.004)
As of 31 December 2024		219.801	5.892.519	(159.739)	1.450.718	(27.264)	-	-	(864.736)	4.440.519	39.198.189	2.122.621	52.272.628	-	52.272.628

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

	Notes	Audited 1 January - 31 December 2024	Audited 1 January - 31 December 2023
Cash flows from operating activities		407.132	2.772.963
Net income (loss)		1.650.876	7.999.529
Adjustments related with the reconciliation of net profit (loss) for the period		(111.065)	(6.820.326)
Adjustments for depreciation and amortization	3, 13, 14, 15	1.129.596	1.177.423
Adjustments for impairment reversal		(26.445)	(11.093)
Adjustments for provisions		(197.016)	(254.162)
Adjustments for dividend (income)	27	(189.120)	(266.509)
Adjustments for interest income	28	(951.630)	(780.315)
Adjustments for interest expense	28	246.410	979.626
Adjustments for unrealized foreign translation differences		232.248	831.334
Adjustments for fair value (gains) losses on derivative financial instruments		(1.483)	214.589
Adjustments for undistributed profits of investments accounted under equity method	12	(1.664.873)	(7.347.525)
Adjustments for tax expense	31	993.816	(107.956)
Adjustments for (gains) on disposal of non-current assets	27	(34.523)	(70.390)
Adjustments related to losses from the disposal of subsidiaries or joint ventures	12	115.079	-
Other adjustments for reconciliation of profit (loss)		1.783	(762)
Net monetary position (gain) / loss		235.093	(1.184.586)
Changes in working capital		(636.943)	2.239.296
Change in blocked deposits		(289)	180.791
Adjustments for decrease in trade receivables		1.396.242	60.925
Adjustments for decrease in other operating receivables		225.570	759.829
Adjustments for decrease in inventories		388.135	2.690.712
Decrease in prepaid expenses		56.999	79.030
Adjustments for (decrease) in trade payables		(2.697.428)	(1.984.222)
Increase in liabilities for employee benefits		29.962	74.892
Adjustments for increase (decrease) in other operating payables		(36.771)	323.891
Increase in deferred income		637	53.448
Cash flows from operating activities		902.868	3.418.499
Payments related to provisions for employee benefits	17	(136.747)	(209.920)
Tax (payments)		(358.989)	(435.616)
Cash flows from investing activities		1.251.158	3.620.443
Cash outflows related to sales resulting in the loss of control over subsidiaries		(177.753)	-
Cash outflows from the purchase of interests or capital increase of investments in associates or joint ventures	12	(256.736)	(501.547)
Cash inflows from the sale of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		122.064	270.316
Cash outflows from the purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	13, 14	(3.113.065)	(1.113.835)
Dividends received	12, 27	4.162.279	4.363.376
Other cash inflows (outflows)			
- Decrease (increase) in financial investments		212.621	(127.118)
- Contributions of non-controlling interests to capital increases		301.748	729.251
Cash flows from financing activities		(1.505.383)	(4.323.540)
Proceeds from borrowings	6	2.193.587	2.827.027
Repayments of borrowings	6	(2.451.043)	(6.170.992)
Payments of lease liabilities	6	(107.991)	(174.534)
Dividends paid		(1.830.388)	(454.072)
Interest paid		(278.942)	(1.126.393)
Interest received		969.394	775.424
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents before currency translation differences		152.907	2.069.866
Effect of currency translation differences		183.402	221.872
Effect of monetary gain / (loss) on cash and cash equivalents		(1.364.183)	(1.585.013)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1.027.874)	706.725
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	4	4.867.604	4.160.879
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4	3.839.730	4.867.604

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY

The main activity of Aygaz Anonim Şirketi (the "Company" or "Aygaz") is the purchase of liquid petroleum gas (LPG) in bulk from domestic refineries and the overseas market and delivery to retailers for distribution to customers. The Company manufactures LPG cylinders, LPG tanks, regulators and other supplementary materials which support the Company's main business and which are necessary equipment for the end-user. The Company is controlled by Koç Holding A.Ş. the parent company, Koç Family and the companies owned by Koç Family.

The Company is registered at the Capital Markets Board of Turkey ("CMB") and as of 31 December 2024, 24,27% of its shares have been quoted at Borsa Istanbul.

The address of the registered office of the Company is as follows:

Büyükdere Cad. No: 145/1 Aygaz Han, Zincirlikuyu, 34394 / İstanbul

Total end of period and average number of personnel employed by categories in Aygaz and its subsidiaries (together with referred to as the "Group") are as follows:

	<u>End of period</u>		<u>Average</u>	
	31 December 2024	31 December 2023	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Monthly paid	695	1.012	853	1.005
Hourly paid	561	646	616	654
Total number of personnel	1.256	1.658	1.469	1.659

Subsidiaries

Akpa Dayanıklı Tüketim LPG ve Akaryakıt Ürünleri Pazarlama Anonim Şirketi ("Akpa") is mainly engaged in sales of cylinders through either its own organisation or dealers, retail and wholesale of LPG, fuel and lubricants through autogas stations.

Main activity of Aygaz Doğal Gaz Toptan Satış A.Ş. and Aygaz Doğal Gaz İletim A.Ş. (together "Aygaz Doğal Gaz") is to purchase natural gas from domestic and/or overseas suppliers, selling natural gas to domestic and/or overseas customers and make related arrangements for the modulation, storing of natural gas and building necessary facilities.

Within July 2010, the Company has restructured its shipping operations under new legal entities, and established Anadoluhisarı Tankercilik A.Ş. ("Anadolu Hisarı"), Kandilli Tankercilik A.Ş. ("Kandilli"), Kuleli Tankercilik A.Ş. ("Kuleli") and Kuzguncuk Tankercilik A.Ş. ("Kuzguncuk") with an effective ownership interest of 100%. The main activities of these companies are to purchase, build or rent vessels and to operate them in domestic and/or overseas transportation of crude oil, petroleum products, liquid petroleum gas, natural gas and solid, liquid and liquefied products. Kuleli Tankercilik A.Ş. sold the vessel named "Kuleli" which was among its assets and used in the transportation of liquid petroleum gas, and purchased 100% shares of Bal Kaynak Su İthalat İhracat Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Bal Kaynak") on 14 March 2019. On 29 November 2024, the LPG vessel named Bebek was purchased and included in the assets of the newly established Bebek Shipping S.A. ("Bebek"), which is 100% owned by the Company's subsidiary Kuleli. In this context, with the decision of the Board of Directors dated 7 November 2024, Kuleli's capital was increased from TRY 148.000 thousand to TRY 2.200.000 thousand.

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TRY”) in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Subsidiaries	Place of incorporation and operation	Ownership interest (%)		Voting power right	Principal activity
		31 December 2024	31 December 2023		
Anadoluhisarı	Türkiye	100	100	100	Shipping
Kandilli	Türkiye	100	100	100	Shipping
Kuzguncuk	Türkiye	100	100	100	Shipping
Kuleli	Türkiye	100	100	100	Shipping
Akpa	Türkiye	100	100	100	Marketing
Aygaz Doğal Gaz Toptan Satış	Türkiye	100	100	100	Natural gas
Aygaz Doğal Gaz İletim	Türkiye	100	100	100	Natural gas
Bal Kaynak	Türkiye	100	100	100	Bottled water
Bebek	Panama	100	-	100	Shipping

Investments in associates

In December 2005, Enerji Yatırımları A.Ş. (“EYAŞ”) was established to acquire 51% block shares of Türkiye Petrol Rafinerileri A.Ş. (“TÜPRAŞ”), to participate in Tüpraş’s management and its operational decisions as well as to establish and operate in oil refinery related sectors in Turkey. As of 31 December 2024, EYAŞ’s ownership in Tüpraş has been 46,40%.

Sendeo Dağıtım Hizmetleri A.Ş. (“Sendeo”) (Former title: Aygaz Aykargo Dağıtım Hizmetleri A.Ş. (“Aykargo”) started its cargo transportation/distribution activities in 2020 as an in-house entrepreneurship project. All prerequisites mentioned in the statement regarding the operations of Sendeo and Ekol Ekspres Kargo A.Ş. (“Kolay Gelsin”), which was announced to the public on 11 January 2024, to be carried out under the brand name “Kolay Gelsin” under the equal partnership of Sendeo partners and Ahmet Musul in principle, were completed as of 28 June 2024 and the company merger transactions were registered by the Trade Registry Office on 9 October 2024. In this context, as of 31 December 2024, the share ratios in Sendeo’s capital are Ahmet Musul 50%, the Company 27,50% and Koç Holding 22,50% (Note: 12).

Investments in associates	Place of incorporation and operation	Ownership interest (%)		Voting power right	Voting power right	Principal activity
		31 December 2024	31 December 2023			
EYAŞ	Türkiye	20,00	20,00	20,00	20,00	Energy
Sendeo	Türkiye	27,50	55,00	27,50	55,00	Cargo transportation/distribution

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Joint ventures

Opet Aygaz Gayrimenkul A.Ş. was established on 20 September 2013 as a joint venture with 50% equal shares by the Company and Opet Petrolcülük A.Ş., which is the Company's business partner, operating in distribution of fuel products. Its main activity is to establish, purchase, operate and rent fuel and LPG stations.

In line with Group's growth strategy abroad, in order to operate in LPG supply, filling and distribution in the Bangladesh market, on 5 March 2019 the Share Purchase Agreement ('Contract') and Partnership Agreement was signed between the Company and United Enterprises & Co. Ltd. With Contract it was decided that 50% of the shares of United LPG Ltd, the subsidiary of United Enterprises & Co. Ltd, which has a pre-license for LPG filling facility but no current operations yet, will be acquired. With the occurrence of preconditions determined on the agreement, the share transfer transaction was completed in 20 January 2021, and the name of the Joint Venture Company became United Aygaz LPG Ltd ("United Aygaz") on 14 February 2023. A total capital increase of approximately 24 million USD was made to United Aygaz in 2023, and a total of approximately 14 million USD capital increase was made in 2024, both of which were paid in cash by the shareholders.

Joint Ventures	Place of incorporation and operation	Ownership interest (%)		Voting power right	Principal activity
		31 December 2024	31 December 2023		
OAGM	Türkiye	50,00	50,00	50,00	Real Estate
United Aygaz	Bangladesh	50,00	50,00	50,00	LPG supply, filling and distribution

Approval of consolidated financial statements:

The consolidated financial tables for the period ended on 31 December 2024 are approved on the Board of Directors meeting held on 17 February 2025 to be published. The respective consolidated financial tables will be finalized after the approval in the General Assembly.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TRY”) in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Financial reporting standards

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards/Turkish Financial Reporting Standards, (“TAS/IFRS”) and interpretations as adopted in line with international standards by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority of Turkey (“POA”) in line with the communiqué numbered II-14.1 “Communiqué on the Principles of Financial Reporting In Capital Markets” (“the Communiqué”) announced by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey (“CMB”) on 13 June 2013 which is published on Official Gazette numbered 28676. TMS is consist of TAS, IFRS annexes and comments on them. IFRS are updated in harmony with the changes and updates in International Financial and Accounting Standards (“IFRS”) by the communiqués announced by the POA. The Group’s consolidated financial statements are presented in terms of Turkish Lira “TRY” which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with “Announcement regarding with TAS Taxonomy” which was published on 3 July 2024 by POA and the format and mandatory information recommended by CMB.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in thousand Turkish Lira (“TRY”) based on historical cost, except for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value. Each entity within the Group presents its financial statements in the functional currency, which corresponds to the primary economic environment in which it operates. The financial position and results of operations of each entity are expressed in TRY, which is the functional currency of the Company and the reporting currency for the consolidated financial statements.

Comparatives and restatement of prior periods’ financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group include comparative financial information to enable the determination of the trends in the financial position and performance. Comparative figures are reclassified, where necessary, to adapt to changes in presentation in the current period consolidated financial statements and the significant changes are explained.

Except for the change specified in the following paragraphs, Group has applied consistent accounting policies in the preparation of consolidated financial statements presented, and the Group does not have any other significant changes in accounting policy and accounting estimates in the current period.

In the consolidated cash flow statement as of 31 December 2023, the dividend income from EYAŞ amounting to TRY 4.096.867 thousand, shown under ‘Cash Flows from Operating Activities’, has been classified as ‘Cash Flows from Investing Activities’.

AYGAZ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1 Financial reporting standards (Continued)

Financial reporting in hyperinflationary economy

With the announcements made by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority (POA) on 23 November 2023, entities applying TFRSs have started to apply inflation accounting in accordance with TAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflation Economies as of financial statements for the annual reporting period ending on or after 31 December 2023. TAS 29 is applied to the financial statements, including the consolidated financial statements, of any entity whose functional currency is the currency of a hyperinflationary economy.

According to the relevant standard, the financial statements prepared based on a currency of a high inflationary economy are stated in terms of the purchasing power of that currency at the balance sheet date. Comparative information for the prior period financial statements is also expressed in the current measurement unit at the end of the reporting period for comparison purposes. Therefore, the Group has presented its consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023, on the basis of purchasing power as at 31 December 2024.

In accordance with the CMB's decision dated 28 December 2023 and numbered 81/1820, issuers and capital market institutions subject to financial reporting regulations applying Turkish Accounting/Financial Reporting Standards are required to apply inflation accounting by applying the provisions of TAS 29 to their annual financial statements for the accounting periods ending on 31 December 2023.

On the application of TAS 29, the entity used the conversion factor derived from the Customer Price Indexes (CPI) published by Turkey Statistical Institute according to directions given by POA. The CPI for current and previous year periods and corresponding conversion factors are as follows:

Year End	Index	Conversion Factor	Three-year Compound Inflation Rate
31 December 2024	2.684,55	1,00000	291%
31 December 2023	1.859,38	1,44379	268%
31 December 2022	1.128,45	2,37897	156%

The main elements of the Group's adjustment for financial reporting purposes in high-inflation economies are as follows:

- Current period consolidated financial statements prepared in TRY are expressed with the purchasing power at the balance sheet date and the amounts from previous reporting periods are also expressed by adjusting according to the purchasing power at the end of the reporting period.
- Monetary assets and liabilities are not adjusted as they are currently expressed in current purchasing power at the balance sheet date.
- Non-monetary assets and liabilities and equity items that are not expressed in current purchasing power at the balance sheet date have been corrected using the relevant correction coefficients.
- All items in the statement of comprehensive income, except those that affect the statement of comprehensive income of non-monetary items in the balance sheet, are indexed with coefficients calculated over the periods when the income and expense accounts are first reflected in the financial statements.
- Effect of inflation on the Group's net monetary asset position in the current period is recorded in the monetary gains / (losses) account in the consolidated income statement.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira (“TRY”) in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2.2 Consolidation principles

- (a) Consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries and affiliates and joint ventures, which have been prepared in accordance with guidelines defined in the items (b) to (h). The financial statements of the companies included in the consolidation have been prepared as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and are based on the statutory records with adjustments and reclassifications for the purpose of presentation in conformity TAS/IFRS promulgated by the POA as set out in the communiqué numbered II-14.1, and Group accounting and disclosure policies.
- (b) Subsidiaries are the companies controlled by Aygaz when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.
- (c) Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. In case it is necessary, accounting policies are changed for subsidiaries in order to align with Group accounting policies.

Balance sheets and income statements of subsidiaries have been fully included into consolidation and the book values and equities of such subsidiaries which are owned by the Company, have been netted off. All inter-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Book values of the shares owned by the Company and related dividends have been netted off from related equity and income statement accounts.

- (d) Investments in associates have been accounted using the equity method. These are institutions in which the Company has a voting power between 20% and 50% or in which the Company has a significant influence even though it does not have a controlling power.

Unrealized gains and losses on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group’s interest in the associates. The Group ceases to account the associate using the equity method if it loses the significant influence or the net investment in the associate becomes nil, unless it has entered to a liability or a commitment. Subsequent to the date of the caesura of the significant influence, the investment is carried either at fair value when the fair value can be measured reliably, otherwise at cost.

- (e) Financial assets, in which the Group has a total voting power of 20% or even though it has a voting power above 20% but does not have a significant influence, or which are immaterial for the consolidated financial statements, or such assets which are not traded in an organized market or whose fair values cannot be measured reliably, are presented with cost values, after deducting the impairment, if any.

Available for sale financial assets, in which the Group does not have a total voting power of 20% or does not have a significant influence and which have quoted market values in active markets and whose fair values can be reliably measured, are presented at fair values in the consolidated financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2.2 Consolidation principles (Continued)

- (f) The non-controlling share in the net assets and operating results of subsidiaries for the year are separately classified as non-controlling interest in the consolidated statements of financial position and consolidated statements of profit or loss.
- (g) A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The considerations made in determining significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries. The investments in its associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.
- (h) Under the equity method, the Group's investments in its associates and joint venture are initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associates or joint ventures is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment.

The statement of profit or loss reflects the results of the operations of the Group's associates or joint ventures. Any change in other comprehensive income of those investees is presented as a part of the Group's other comprehensive income. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate or joint venture.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate or joint venture. At each reporting date, the Group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate or joint venture is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value, then recognises the loss as 'Share of profit/loss of an associate or a joint venture' in the statement of profit or loss.

2.3 New and revised Turkey Financial Reporting Standards

The accounting policies adopted in preparation of the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2024 are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the adoption of new and amended TFRS and TFRS interpretations effective as of 1 January 2024 and thereafter. The effects of these standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and performance have been disclosed in the related paragraphs.

a) *The new standards, amendments and interpretations which are effective as of 1 January 2024 are as follows:*

- Amendments to TAS 1- Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-Current Liabilities
- Amendments to TFRS 16 - Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- Amendments to TAS 7 and TFRS 7 - Disclosures: Supplier Finance Arrangements

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

New and revised Turkey Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

b) *Standards issued but not yet effective and not early adopted*

Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements are as follows. The Group will make the necessary changes if not indicated otherwise, which will be affecting the consolidated financial statements and disclosures, when the new standards and interpretations become effective.

- Amendments to TFRS 10 and TAS 28: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture;

The Group will wait until the final amendment to assess the impacts of the changes.

- Amendments to TAS 21 - Lack of exchangeability
- TFRS 17 - The new Standard for insurance contracts

The amendments are not applicable for the Group and will not have an impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

c) *The amendments which are effective immediately upon issuance*

Amendments to TAS 12- International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules

The amendments did not have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

d) *The new amendments that are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) but not issued by Public Oversight Authority (POA)*

The following two amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 and Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards as well as IFRS 18 and IFRS 19 are issued by IASB but not yet adapted/issued by POA. Therefore, they do not constitute part of TFRS. The Group will make the necessary changes to its consolidated financial statements after the amendments and new Standard are issued and become effective under TFRS.

- Amendments to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7 – Classification and measurement of financial instruments
- Amendments to TFRS 9 and TFRS 7 - Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity- TFRS 18 – The new Standard for Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

The Group is in the process of assessing the impact of the amendments on financial position or performance of the Group.

- TFRS 19 – Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

The standard is not applicable to the Group.

2.4 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount when there is a legally enforceable right or when there is an intention to settle the assets and liabilities on a net basis or realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.5 Revenue recognition

When a performance obligation is satisfied by transferring promised goods or services to a customer, the Group recognises the revenue as the amount of the transaction price that is allocated to that performance obligation. The goods or services are transferred when the control of the goods or services is delivered to the customers. Returns, discounts and provisions are reduced from the related amount.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

Group recognises revenue based on the following five principles:

- (a) Identification of customer contracts,
- (b) Identification of performance obligations,
- (c) Determination of the transaction price in the contracts,
- (d) Allocation of transaction price to the performance obligations,
- (e) Recognition of revenue when the performance obligations are satisfied.

Group recognises revenue from its customer when all off the the following criteria are met:

- (a) The parties have approved the contract (written or orally or in accordance with other customer business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations,
- (b) Group can identify the right of parties related to goods and services,
- (c) Group can identify the payment terms of goods and services to be transferred,
- (d) The contract has commercial substance,
- (e) It is probable that Group will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods and services that will be transferred to the customer. In evaluating whether collectability of a consideration is probable, the entity shall consider only the customer's ability and intention to pay the consideration when it is due.

Revenue is recognised only when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and when the revenue amount, the completion level of the transaction as of the reporting date and the cost required for the completion of the transaction can be measured reliably.

The assumptions for the reliability of revenue recognition after the agreement of third parties are as follows:

- Contractual rights of each parties under sanction according to the agreement,
- Service fee,
- Payment terms and conditions.

The accounting policy of Special Consumption Tax (SCT) on imported LPG which is required to be paid after the declaration made to the Republic of Turkey, Ministry of Finance is applied to be included in revenues and cost of goods sold (Gross profit and net income is not impacted by this record). For the period 1 January - 31 December 2024, SCT on imported LPG included in revenues and the cost of goods sold is amounting to TRY 12.514.752 thousand (1 January-31 December 2023: TRY 9.681.513 thousand).

Dividend and interest revenue:

Interest revenue is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. Dividend revenue from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
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(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.6 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is calculated with first in first out method for LPG and with weighted average method for other inventories. Cost of inventories include all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Conversion costs of inventories define as costs directly related to production, such as direct labour costs. These expenses also include systematically distributed amounts from fixed and variable costs in factory overheads. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and estimated costs to make the sale.

2.7 Leases

The Group – as a lessee

Initially the Group assesses whether the contract is or contains lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, The Group considers whether:

- a) The contract involved the use of an identified asset – this may be specified explicitly or implicitly.
- b) The asset should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, the asset is not identified.
- c) The Group has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of an asset throughout the period of use; and
- d) The Group has the right to direct use of the asset. The Group concludes to have the right of use, when;

- It is predetermined how and for what purpose the Group will use the asset.
- The Group has the right to direct use of asset if either:

- i. The Group has the right to operate (or to have the right to direct others to operate) the asset over its useful life and the lessor does not have the rights to change the terms to operate or;
- ii. The Group designed the asset (or the specific features) in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it is used

The Group reflects the right of use asset and leasing liabilities to their financials at the date leasing contract is commenced.

**NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024**

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

Right of use asset

Initially the right of use asset is recognized at cost and comprise of:

- a) Amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability,
- b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received,
- c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the Group and
- d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee for restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease (unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories).

The Group re-measures the right of use asset:

- a) After netting-off depreciation and reducing impairment losses from right of use asset,
- b) Adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability recognized at the present value.

The Group applies TAS 16, "Property, Plant and Equipment" to amortize the right of use asset and to assess for any impairment.

TAS 36, "Impairment of Assets" is applied to determine whether the right of use assets has been impaired and recognize any impairment losses identified.

Lease liability

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date. Lease liabilities are discounted to present value by using the interest rate implicit in the lease if readily determined or with the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- a) Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments,
- b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as the commencement date,
- c) The exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewable period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain to terminate early.

After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured by:

- a) Increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on lease liability,
- b) Reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and
- c) Re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

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NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

Extension and termination options

In determining the lease liability, the Group considers the extension and termination options. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable both by the group and by the respective lessor. Extension options are included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended. The group re-measures the lease term, if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects the initial assessment.

Variable lease payments

Group's lease contracts also include variable lease payments which are not in the scope of TFRS 16. Variable lease payments are recognised in profit or loss in the related period. Variable lease payments as of 31 December 2024 is amount of TRY 16.060 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 10.092 thousand).

Exemptions and simplifications

Short-term lease payments and payments for leases of low-value assets like IT equipments (mainly printers, laptops and mobile phones etc.) are not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities in the scope of TFRS 16. Lease payments of these contracts are continued to be recognised in profit or loss in the related period.

The Group - as a lessor

The Group's leases as a lessor is operating leases. In operating leases, leased assets are reclassified to investment property, fixed assets or other current assets in consolidated financial statements and rental income recognised straight line basis over the lease period.

2.8 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Properties in the course of construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Legal fees are included into costs. Depreciation of these assets begins when the assets are ready for their intended use.

With the exception of land and construction in progress, the costs of property, plant and equipment are subject to depreciation using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

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NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, where shorter, the term of the relevant lease.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Economic useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

	Useful lives
Buildings	25-50 years
Land improvements	10-25 years
LPG Cylinders	10 years
Plant, machinery and equipment	3-25 years
Vessels	10-20 years
Vehicles	3-15 years
Furnitures and fixtures	3-50 years
Leasehold improvements	4-10 years

2.9 Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets acquired separately are reported at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is charged on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Trade rights and licenses

Acquired trade rights and licenses are shown at historical cost. Trade rights and licenses have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademarks and licenses over their estimated useful lives in 4 - 15 years.

Computer software

Acquired computer software licences are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized over their estimated useful lives in 3 - 5 years.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.10 Impairment of assets

An impairment test is applied when the recovery for the book value of the redeemable assets is impossible. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset’s carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset’s fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.11 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are recorded directly to profit and loss statement when incurred.

2.12 Financial instruments

2.12.1 Financial assets

Reclassification and re-measurement

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: financial assets as “at fair value at amortised cost”, “at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)”, “at fair value through other comprehensive income”. The classification is made considering the purpose of acquisition of financial asset and its expected cash flows, at the time of acquisition.

Financial assets carried at amortised cost

Financial assets measured at amortised cost”, are the financial assets held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount standing, not have an active market and non-derivatives financial assets. “Cash and cash equivalents”, “Trade receivables” are classified as financial assets measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

Group has applied simplified approach and used impairment matrix for the calculation of impairment on its receivables carried at amortized cost, since they do not comprise of any significant finance component. In accordance with this method, if any provision provided to the trade receivables as a result of a specific events, Group measures expected credit loss from these receivables by the life-time expected credit loss. The calculation of expected credit loss is performed based on the past experience of the Group and its expectations for the future indications.

Trade receivables

The Group has chosen “practical expedient” explained in TFRS 9 for the calculation of the impairment of trade receivables (with maturities less than one year) that do not contain a significant financing component and accounted at amortized cost. Accordingly, the Group measured the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses when trade receivables are not impaired for any reasons. The Group uses a provision matrix in the calculation of expected credit losses. Provision rate is calculated based on the overdue days of trade receivables and the rates are revised each reporting period if necessary. The change in expected credit losses is recognised in operational expense/income in consolidated income statement. For each reporting period, the recalculation is made and revaluated.

Financial assets measured at fair value

Assets that are held by the management for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets are measured at their fair value. If the management do not plan to dispose these assets in 12 months after the balance sheet date, they are classified as non-current assets. Group makes a unchangeable choice for the equity instruments during the initial recognition and elect profit or loss or other comprehensive income for the presentation of fair value gain and loss.

i) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss comprise of “derivative instruments” in the statement of financial position. Derivative instruments are recognized as asset when the fair value of the instrument is positive, as liability when the fair value of the instrument is negative. Group’s financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss consist of commodity future transactions.

ii) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise of “financial assets” in the statement of financial position. When the financial assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income are sold, fair value gain or loss classified in other comprehensive income is classified to retained earnings.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits, credit card receivables from banks and other short-term highly liquid investments which their maturities are three months or less from date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are not subject to a significant risk of changes in value. In case where cash and cash equivalents do not go through an impairment for specific reason, the Group makes impairment calculation using the expected credit loss model. In the calculation of the expected credit loss, the past credit loss experience together with the Group's forecasts for the future are also taken into consideration.

2.12.2 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to certain firm commitments and forecasted transactions.

These derivative instruments are recorded at fair value at the beginning of the contract and subsequently measured with its fair value. If the fair value is positive, derivatives are classified as financial asset or otherwise financial liability.

Such derivative instruments are generally accounted as trading derivative instruments in consolidated financial statements because they do not have related specifications in terms of hedge accounting. The gains and losses related to the changes in fair values of such financial instruments are shown in the profit or loss statement.

Fair value differences of forward transactions, sourcing from trading contracts in scope of main activities of the Group, are recognised under other real operating income (expense) since they are in scope of main activities of the Group while exchange rate differences, sourcing from forward exchange and exchange of interest rate, are recognised under financing income/(expense).

Cash flow hedges

Hedges of exposures to variability in cash flows that are attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect profit and loss are designated as cash flow hedges by the Group.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives, designated as cash flow hedges and qualified as effective, are recognised in equity as “*Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges*”. Where the forecasted transaction or firm commitment results in the recognition of an asset or of a liability, the gains and losses previously recognised under equity are transferred from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the asset or liability. Otherwise, amounts recognised under equity are transferred to the consolidated income statement in the period in which the hedged firm commitment or forecasted transaction affects the consolidated income statement.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

The fair value of forward interest rate swap contracts measured at fair value and associated with equity is calculated with reference to the original forward interest rate of the market interest rates applicable for the remainder of the contract for the relevant currency, and determined by comparing it with the current forward interest rate at the end of the period. Derivate financial instruments are recorded in the balance sheet as assets and liabilities, respectively, depending on whether their fair value is positive or negative.

If the forecast transaction or firm commitment is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or losses previously recognised in equity are transferred to the income statement. If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover, or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, any cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income remains until the forecast transaction or firm commitment affects profit or loss.

2.12.3 Recognition and de-recognition of financial instruments

All purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the Group commits to purchase or to sell the asset. These purchases or sales are purchases or sales generally require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is de-recognised where:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired,
- The Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the assets.

Where the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the consolidated financial statements.

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.13 Business combinations

Before 1 January 2010 business combinations carried out by the Group has accounted for using the acquisition method according to before revised TFRS 3, “Business Combinations”.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquirer. The consideration transferred is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, the liabilities incurred by the Group to former owners of the entity and the equity interests issued by the Group. When the agreement with the seller includes a clause that the consideration transferred could be adjusted for future events, the acquisition-date fair value of this contingent consideration is included in the cost of the acquisition. All transaction costs incurred by the Group have been recognised in general administrative expenses.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interest in the acquirer either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquirer’s identifiable net assets.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquirer.

Acquisition method requires allocation of the acquisition cost to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at their fair values on the date of acquisition. Accordingly, acquired assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed are recognised at TFRS 3 fair values on the date of acquisition. Acquired company is consolidated in profit or loss statement starting from the date of acquisition.

Partial share sale and purchase transactions settled with minority shareholders

The Group evaluates the share transactions realized with non-controlling interests as transactions within the shareholders. Consequently, the difference between the purchase cost and the net asset purchased from other shareholders are accounted under shareholders equity in “subsidiary share purchase transactions” whereas share sale transactions to parties other than parent company are accounted as “transactions with non-controlling interest”.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.14 Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates

The individual financial statements of each Group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity are expressed in TRY, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements. The functional currency of participations and subsidiaries that are included in the scope of consolidation is TRY.

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than TRY (foreign currencies) are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions.

At each balance sheet date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey (CBRT) rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- Exchange differences on transactions entered in order to hedge certain foreign currency risk,
- Exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur, which form part of the net investment in a foreign operation, and which are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve and recognised in profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are expressed in TRY using exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's "foreign currency translation difference". Such exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

2.15 Earnings per share

Earnings per share disclosed in the accompanying consolidated statement of income is determined by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares in existence during the year concerned.

In Turkey, companies can raise their share capital by distributing "Free Shares" to shareholders from retained earnings. In computing earnings per share, such "free share" distributions are assessed as issued shares. Accordingly, the retrospective effect for those share distributions is taken into consideration in determining the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used in this computation.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.16 Subsequent events

An explanation for any event between the balance sheet date and the publication date of the balance sheet, which has positive or negative effects on the Group (should any evidence come about events that were prior to the balance sheet date or should new events come about) they will be explained in the relevant footnote.

The Group restates its financial statements if subsequent events which require restatement arise.

2.17 Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets

Possible assets or obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group are not included in the consolidated financial statements and are disclosed as contingent assets or liabilities.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

2.18 Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
 - (i) Has control or joint control over the reporting entity,
 - (ii) Has significant influence over the reporting entity,
 - (iii) Is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- (b) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (i) Entity and Company are members of the same Group,
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member),
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party,
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity,
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity,
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a),
 - (vii) A person identified in (a) (ii) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

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NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

In accordance with the purposes of consolidated financial statements, shareholders, important management personnel and members of Board of Directors, their families and companies controlled by them or depend upon them, the affiliates and partnerships and Koç Holding Group companies are accepted and presented as related parties.

2.19 Segmental information

The Group management assumes three operating segments to evaluate performance and source utilization decisions. These segments are lpg and gas, cargo transportation and distribution, petroleum products and electricity. These operating segments are managed separately as the risk and return of these segments are affected by different economic conditions and geographical locations. The Group Management believes that financial results prepared according to TFRS are the best approach to evaluate performance of these operating segments.

2.20 Taxation and deferred tax

Turkish Tax Legislation does not permit a parent company and its subsidiary to file a consolidated tax return. Therefore, provisions for taxes, as reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, have been calculated on a separate-entity basis.

Income tax expense represents the sum of the corporate tax and deferred tax.

Corporate tax

The corporate tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases which is used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2.20 Taxation and deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the fore-seeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the fore-seeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Current and deferred tax are recognised as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when they relate to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the tax is also recognised directly in equity, or where they arise from the initial accounting for a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in calculating goodwill or determining the excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost.

The Company recognizes deferred tax asset for all deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, to the extent that, and only to the extent that, it is probable that:

- The temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and
- Taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized.

The Company recognizes deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries except to the extent that both of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The parent is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and
- It is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2. Basis of presentation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

2.21 Employment benefits

Defined benefit plan:

Employment termination benefits, as required by the Turkish Labour Law and the laws applicable in the countries where the subsidiaries operate, represent the estimated present value of the total reserve of the future probable obligation of the Group arising in case of the retirement of the employees, termination of employment without due cause, be retired or death upon the completion of a minimum one year service. Provision which is allocated by using defined benefit pension’s current value is calculated by using prescribed liability method. All actuarial profits and losses are recognised in consolidated statements of income. The provision made for present value of determined social relief is calculated by the prescribed liability method. All actuarial profits and losses are accounted in the shareholder’s equity as other comprehensive income.

Defined contribution plan:

Group, has to compensate the Social Security Contribution of the employees. As long as this is compensated, there is no any other obligation for the Company. Social Security Contributions are classified as personnel expenses as of the accrual date.

2.22 Statement of cash flows

In statement of cash flow, cash flows are classified according to operating, investment and finance activities.

2.23 Share capital and dividends

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are recognised in retained earnings in the period in which they are approved and declared.

2.24 Going concern

Group Management do not forecast an important risk for the the business’ sustainability, and consolidated financial tables have been prepared upon the assumption that the business will continue to operate in the foreseeable future.

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**NOTE 2 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)**

2.25 Research and development expenses

Research expenditure is recognised as an expense as incurred. Costs, except for listed below are classified as development expenditures and recognised as expense as incurred.

- If the cost related to the products can be defined and only if the cost can be measured reliably,
- If the technological feasibility can be measured,
- If the good will be sold or will be used within the company,
- If there’s a potential market or can be proved that it is used within the company,
- If necessary technological, financial and other resources can be provided to complete the Project.

Other development expenditures are recognised as expense as incurred.

Development costs previously recognised as expense cannot be capitalized in a subsequent period. Development costs that have been capitalized are amortized from the commencement of the commercial production of the product on a straight-line basis. As of 31 December 2024, the Group has no capitalized research and development expenses (31 December 2023: None).

2.26 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The critical accounting estimates and assumptions which have material impact on the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- a) Property, plant and equipment and intangible fixed assets are subject to depreciation according to their useful lives (Note 13, 14). Estimations of such useful lives are based on the expectations of Group management.
- b) The Group Management uses market values for quoted equity items traded in active markets, while determining fair values of financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. For other available for sale financial assets, fair values are determined in line with generally accepted valuation principles using current economic data, trends in the market and expectations.
- c) There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business and significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. The Group recognizes tax liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due and recognizes tax assets for the carry forward tax losses and unused investment tax credits to the extent that the realization of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable (Note 31). Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

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NOTE 3 – SEGMENT INFORMATION

The segmental operations are specified according to the internal reports reviewed regularly by the authority entitled to making decision for the Group's operations.

The Group's decision-making authority has started to monitor its activities in the cargo transportation and distribution separately by taking into consideration its significant share in the consolidated financial results, in order to accurately evaluate the resources to be allocated to the departments and the performance of the departments. In addition, the Group has decided to present the activities of EYAŞ company, which are accounted for using the equity method, separately from LPG and Natural gas activities, which are the main business lines of the Group.

The Group Management evaluates financial results and performance based of TFRS financial statements. Therefore, TFRS financial statements are the basis of segmental reporting. The Group evaluates the performance of its segments based on gross profit, operating profit and profit from continuing operations before tax.

Operational segments which have been prepared in accordance with the reportable segments for the year ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

31 December 2024					
	LPG and Gas	Cargo transportation and Distribution	Petroleum products and Electricity	Consolidation adjustments	Consolidated
Total assets	23.698.545	-	35.512.924	2.638.566	61.850.035
Total liabilities	9.577.407	-	-	-	9.577.407
Investments accounted under equity method	2.556.360	113.096	35.512.924	-	38.182.380

1 January - 31 December 2024					
	LPG and Gas	Cargo transportation and Distribution	Petroleum products and Electricity	Consolidation adjustments	Consolidated
Sales revenue (net)	80.874.061	902.469	-	(3.406)	81.773.124
Gross profit	7.153.938	(279.939)	-	-	6.873.999
Operating profit (loss) (*)	1.316.128	(689.798)	-	(3.406)	622.924
Operating profit (loss)	1.412.749	(527.282)	-	(10.118)	875.349
Net monetary position gains (losses)	(422.679)	(2.882)	-	-	(425.561)
Profit (loss) from continuing operations before tax	1.636.022	(731.657)	1.750.445	(10.118)	2.644.692
Profit (loss) for the period	1.147.490	(1.236.941)	1.750.445	(10.118)	1.650.876
Non-controlling interest	-	(471.745)	-	-	(471.745)
Equity holders of the parent	1.147.490	(765.196)	1.750.445	(10.118)	2.122.621
Profit (losses) from investments accounted under equity method	103.047	(188.619)	1.750.445	-	1.664.873
Amortization and Depreciation (**)	1.013.173	116.423	-	-	1.129.596
Investment expenditures	3.063.213	49.852	-	-	3.113.065

(*) Excluded other operating income/expense, net.

(**) TRY 140.913 thousand of total amount consist of amortization and depreciation expenses allocated under TFRS 16, 'Leases' (2023: TRY 206.015 thousand).

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NOTE 3 – SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Operational segments which have been prepared in accordance with the reportable segments for the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	31 December 2023				
	LPG and Gas	Cargo transportation and Distribution	Petroleum products and Electricity	Consolidation adjustments	Consolidated
Total assets	24.359.161	2.116.371	37.956.155	2.254.929	66.686.616
Total liabilities	12.988.342	981.119	-	(14.838)	13.954.623
Investments accounted under equity method	2.367.246	-	37.956.155	-	40.323.401

	1 January - 31 December 2023				
	LPG and Gas	Cargo transportation and Distribution	Petroleum products and Electricity	Consolidation adjustments	Consolidated
Sales revenue (net)	92.230.899	1.381.684	-	(4.971)	93.607.612
Gross profit	7.977.514	(812.283)	-	-	7.165.231
Operating profit (loss) (*)	2.155.322	(1.650.591)	-	33	504.764
Operating profit (loss)	1.829.718	(1.521.488)	-	(2.955)	305.275
Net monetary position gains (losses)	488.371	(21.305)	-	-	467.066
Profit (loss) from continuing operations before tax	2.116.698	(1.547.752)	7.330.587	(7.960)	7.891.573
Profit (loss) for the period	2.002.807	(1.325.905)	7.330.587	(7.960)	7.999.529
Non-controlling interest	-	(596.657)	-	-	(596.657)
Equity holders of the parent	2.002.807	(729.248)	7.330.587	(7.960)	8.596.186
Profit (losses) from investments accounted under equity method	16.938	-	7.330.587	-	7.347.525
Amortization and Depreciation	1.053.913	123.510	-	-	1.177.423
Investment expenditures	947.366	166.469	-	-	1.113.835

(*) Excluded other operating income/expense, net.

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NOTE 4 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cash on hand	1.245	2.609
Cash at banks	3.771.256	4.852.082
- Time deposits	3.633.998	4.627.425
- Demand deposits	137.258	224.657
Receivables from credit card transactions	71.530	16.925
Total	3.844.031	4.871.616

As of 31 December 2024 the Group's TRY time deposits amounting to TRY 1.574.147 thousand with average maturities of 1 day and interest rates of 48,18%; USD time deposits amounting to USD 58.480 thousand (TRY 2.059.851 thousand) with average maturities of 1 day and interest rate of 3,22% (31 December 2023: The Group's TRY time deposits amounting to TRY 2.339.099 thousand with average maturities of 8 days and interest rates of 42,06%. USD time deposits amounting to USD 53.840 thousand (TRY 2.288.326 thousand) with average maturities of 2 days and interest rate of 3,71%).

The amount of cash and cash equivalents shown in the statement of cash flow as of 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cash and cash equivalents	3.844.031	4.871.616
Less: Blocked deposits (*)	(4.301)	(4.012)
	3.839.730	4.867.604

(*) The amount consists of the cash collaterals given to Takasbank in accordance with the Central Reconciliation Service to be Conducted in the Organized Wholesale Natural Gas Sales Market and the Principles Regarding This Service Procedure provided by İstanbul Takas ve Saklama Bankası A.Ş.

NOTE 5 – FINANCIAL ASSETS

The long-term financial assets of the Group are as follows as of 31 December 2024 and 2023:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	Participation amount	Participation rate (%)	Participation amount	Participation rate (%)
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income				
- Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş.	4.166.311	3,93	3.838.595	3,93
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss				
- Ram Dış Ticaret A.Ş.	8.737	2,50	8.358	2,50
- Tat Gıda Sanayi A.Ş. (*)	-	-	670	0,08
- Other	4.897	-	4.897	-
	4.179.945		3.852.520	

(*) The sale of Tat Gıda Sanayi A.Ş. ("Tat Gıda") shares was completed as of 19 February 2024.

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NOTE 6 – FINANCIAL BORROWINGS

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023 the Group's short-term financial borrowings are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
USD-denominated short-term bank borrowings	1.265.312	-
Factoring liabilities	-	577.516
TL-denominated short-term bank borrowings	-	470.424
Short-term bond issued	-	257.462
Short-term lease liabilities	22.400	126.846
Total short-term financial borrowings	1.287.712	1.432.248
Short-term portion and interest accruals of		
USD-denominated long-term bank borrowings	50.126	1.638.811
Total short-term portion of long-term financial borrowings	50.126	1.638.811

As of 31 December 2024 the details of short-term financial borrowings are as follows:

Currency	Annual average effective interest rate (%)	Original amount	TL amount
USD	5,47	37.117	1.265.312
			1.265.312

As of 31 December 2023, the details of short-term financial borrowings are as follows:

Currency	Annual average effective interest rate (%)	Original amount	TL amount
TL	29,27	470.424	470.424
			470.424

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023 the Group's long-term financial borrowings are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
USD-denominated long-term bank borrowings	654.616	-
Long-term lease liabilities	8.127	134.550
Total long-term bank borrowings	662.743	134.550

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NOTE 6 – FINANCIAL BORROWINGS (Continued)

As of 31 December 2024 the details of long-term financial borrowings are as follows:

Currency	Annual average effective interest rate (%)	Original amount	TL amount
USD	7,05	20.008	704.742
Short-term portion of long-term loans and interest accruals			(50.126)
			654.616

As of 31 December 2023 the details of long-term financial borrowings are as follows:

Currency	Annual average effective interest rate (%)	Original amount	TL amount
USD	7,52	38.558	1.638.811
Short-term portion of long-term loans and interest accruals			(1.638.811)
			-

The Group's movements of financial borrowings are as follows:

	2024	2023
As of January 1	3.205.609	8.561.783
Proceeds from new financial borrowings	2.193.587	2.827.027
Increase in lease liabilities	28.996	265.065
Repayments of principals	(2.451.043)	(6.170.992)
Payments of lease liabilities	(107.991)	(174.534)
Changes in interest accruals	(32.532)	(146.767)
Monetary (gain) / loss	(1.139.471)	(2.725.977)
Currency translation differences	303.426	770.004
Changes in the scope of consolidation	111.979	-
As of December 31	2.000.581	3.205.609

Covenants

The Group signed a foreign currency loan agreement on 30 December 2024. The loan includes financial covenants on Net Financial Debt/EBITDA ratio and EBITDA/Net interest expense ratio, which will be calculated every 6 months. The Group has fulfilled the terms of the contract as of 31 December 2024.

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NOTE 7 – DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023 the Group's derivative financial instruments are as follows:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	Contract	Fair value	Contract	Fair value
	amount	assets/ (liabilities)	amount	assets/ (liabilities)
Short-term derivative instruments				
Forward transactions (1)	-	-	220.269	(1.483)
Total short-term derivative financial liabilities	-	-	220.269	(1.483)

(1) As of 31 December 2024, the Group has no forward transaction. (31 December 2023: USD 5.000 thousand with a maturity of 91-93 days). (Note 33).

NOTE 8 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES FROM THIRD PARTIES

The Group's trade receivables from third parties as of 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Trade receivables	3.372.435	5.278.332
Notes receivables	132.856	136.032
Allowance for doubtful receivables (-)	(26.682)	(53.127)
Total current trade receivables	3.478.609	5.361.237

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Notes receivable	46.168	23.202
Total non-current trade receivables	46.168	23.202

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 8 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES FROM THIRD PARTIES (Continued)

The Group's movements of doubtful receivables are as follows:

	2024	2023
As of January 1	53.127	64.220
Increases during the period	1.199	17.141
Collections	(6.518)	(679)
Monetary (gain) / loss	(16.330)	(26.797)
Write offs	(4.796)	(758)
As of 31 December 2024	26.682	53.127

Allowance for doubtful receivables has been raised per customer, based on the past experiences of the Company management. Level and composition of risks of trade receivables are explained in Note 33.

The Group's trade payables to third parties as of 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Trade payables	3.747.608	6.046.074
Total short-term trade payables	3.747.608	6.046.074

NOTE 9 – OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES FROM THIRD PARTIES

The Group's other receivables from third parties as of 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Guarantees and deposits given	10.736	1.659
Other receivables	5.740	8.287
Total other current receivables	16.476	9.946

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NOTE 9 – OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES FROM THIRD PARTIES (Continued)

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Guarantees and deposits given	2.648	5.805
Total other non-current receivables	2.648	5.805

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, other payables to third parties of the Group are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Deposits and guarantees taken	8.663	8.635
Total other short-term payables	8.663	8.635

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Cylinder deposits received	277.351	307.904
Total other long-term payables	277.351	307.904

NOTE 10 – LIABILITIES FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, liabilities for employee benefits of the Group are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Employee's income tax payable	229.507	206.494
Payables to personnel	110.708	89.714
Social security liabilities	60.804	88.084
Total liabilities for employee benefits	401.019	384.292

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NOTE 11 – INVENTORIES

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Raw materials	2.278.310	2.606.588
Work in process	15.024	13.683
Finished goods	81.425	74.214
Trade goods	102.863	171.272
	2.477.622	2.865.757

As of 31 December 2024, the inventories comprise of 79.634 tons of LPG (31 December 2023: 107.471 tons). As of 31 December 2024, as a result of the decrease in January 2025 LPG prices, sales prices set aside below costs and a inventory impairment provision of TRY 50.667 thousand was made (31 December 2023: None).

As of 31 December 2024, there are no goods in transit.

NOTE 12 – EQUITY INVESTMENTS

The details of carrying values and consolidation rates subject to equity investments are as follows:

	31 December 2024		31 December 2023	
	Participation amount	Participation rate (%)	Participation amount	Participation rate (%)
EYAŞ	35.512.924	20,00	37.956.155	20,00
Sendeo (*)	113.096	27,50	-	-
OAGM	1.802.390	50,00	1.715.807	50,00
United Aygaz	753.970	50,00	651.439	50,00
	38.182.380		40.323.401	

(*) On 28 June 2024, as part of conducting the operations of Sendeo and Ekol Ekspres Kargo A.Ş. ("Kolay Gelsin") under the 'Kolay Gelsin' brand with an equal partnership principle between Sendeo's partners and Ahmet Musul, the following agreements were executed: a 'Share Purchase and Participation Agreement' between Ahmet Musul and Koç Parties for a cash capital increase amounting to a total value of TRY 382 million (TRY 330 million nominal) in Sendeo with the acquisition of shares representing 50% of Sendeo capital by Ahmet Musul from Koç Holding and the Company for a total of TRY 191 million (TRY 165 million nominal) in proportion to their shares, and the participation of all partners in the new partnership structure in proportion to their shares following the transfer; a 'Share Purchase Agreement' between Sendeo and Ahmet Musul for the acquisition of all shares representing Kolay Gelsin's capital from Ahmet Musul at a total value of TRY 382 million (TRY 330 million nominal); and a 'Shareholders Agreement' between Ahmet Musul and Koç Parties, regulating the rights and obligations of shareholders in Sendeo and Kolay Gelsin based on joint control. All closing transactions and share transfers as stipulated in these agreements have been completed. As a result of this transaction, Sendeo was deconsolidated from the scope of the Group's subsidiaries and accounted for investment in associates under the relevant accounting standard. In condensed consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2024, Sendeo has been accounted at TRY 301.715 thousand (TRY 260.671 thousand nominal) as an investment valued by the equity method based on the share value within the valuation report prepared on the relevant date. Consequently, a one-time transaction loss of TRY 115.079 thousand (TRY 99.304 thousand nominal) resulting from the loss of control over the share transfer has been recognized under 'loss from investment activities' in the Group's statement of profit and loss.

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NOTE 12 – EQUITY INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The movement of equity investments is as follows:

	2024	2023
As of January 1	40.323.401	36.783.890
Shares of profit/(loss)	1.664.873	7.347.525
Shares of other comprehensive income/(loss)	(391.186)	(212.694)
Dividend income	(3.973.159)	(4.096.867)
Increase due to change in control of subsidiaries	301.715	-
Increase in capital of joint venture (*)	256.736	501.547
As of 31 December 2024	38.182.380	40.323.401

(*) In the Board of Directors' decision dated 16 August 2024, it was decided to increase the capital of United Aygaz by BDT 1.652.000 thousand, and the Company paid BDT 826.000 thousand (approximately USD 7 million) corresponding to its share in cash on 20 August 2024 (Note 1).

Shares of profit (loss) of equity investments:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
EYAŞ	1.750.445	7.330.587
OAGM	86.583	11.477
United Aygaz	16.464	5.461
Sendeo	(188.619)	-
	1.664.873	7.347.525

Shares of other comprehensive gains (losses) of equity investments:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
EYAŞ	(220.517)	414.462
United Aygaz	(170.669)	(627.156)
	(391.186)	(212.694)

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NOTE 12 – EQUITY INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Financial information on Enerji Yatırımları A.Ş., which is accounted in the Group's financial statements according to equity pick-up method is set out below:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Total assets	508.087.254	594.644.528
Total liabilities	(178.921.012)	(236.657.762)
Non-controlling interest	(151.601.622)	(168.205.993)
Net assets	177.564.620	189.780.773
Group's ownership (%)	20,00	20,00
Group's share in associates' net assets	35.512.924	37.956.155

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Revenue	810.385.588	991.202.993
Profit for the period	8.752.227	36.652.933
Group's share in associates' profit for the period	1.750.445	7.330.587

Financial information on Opet Aygaz Gayrimenkul A.Ş., which is accounted in the Group's financial statements according to equity pick-up method is set out below:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Total assets	3.769.657	3.572.048
Total liabilities	(164.874)	(140.432)
Net assets	3.604.783	3.431.616
Group's ownership (%)	50,00	50,00
Group's share in associates' net assets	1.802.390	1.715.807

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Revenue	105.544	97.183
Profit for the period	173.166	22.954
Group's share in associates' profit for the period	86.583	11.477

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NOTE 12 – EQUITY INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Financial information on United Aygaz, which is accounted in the Group's financial statements according to equity pick-up method is set out below:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Total assets	2.923.743	2.358.212
Total liabilities	(1.415.803)	(1.055.334)
Net assets	1.507.940	1.302.878
Group's ownership (%)	50,00	50,00
Group's share in associates' net assets	753.970	651.439

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Revenue	3.504.346	1.641.692
Profit for the period	32.928	10.922
Group's share in associates' profit for the period	16.464	5.461

Financial information on Sendeo which is accounted in the Group's financial statements according to equity pick-up method is set out below:

	31 December 2024
Total assets	1.411.940
Total liabilities	(1.000.681)
Net assets	411.260
Group's ownership (%)	27,50
Group's share in associates' net assets	113.096

	1 January - 31 December 2024
Revenue	2.030.988
Profit for the period	(685.887)
Group's share in associates' profit for the period	(188.619)

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NOTE 13 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Land improvements	Buildings	Plant, machinery, equipment and LPG cylinders	Vehicles and vessels	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements	Construction in progress	Total
Acquisition cost									
As of 1 January 2024	387.235	2.864.333	1.506.728	33.127.176	3.072.068	1.453.726	620.610	422.879	43.454.755
Additions	-	-	-	169	2.083.872	11.183	803	1.007.492	3.103.519
Transfers (*)	21.779	67.880	68.064	713.614	45.180	191.163	2.247	(950.225)	159.702
Changes in the scope of consolidation	-	-	-	-	(24.887)	(154.087)	(68.559)	(70.394)	(317.927)
Disposals	-	(2.970)	(353)	(381.068)	(20.288)	(99.696)	(29.824)	-	(534.199)
As of 31 December 2024	409.014	2.929.243	1.574.439	33.459.891	5.155.945	1.402.289	525.277	409.752	45.865.850
Accumulated depreciation									
As of 1 January 2024	-	1.833.284	1.251.431	30.384.711	2.020.549	1.080.540	556.918	-	37.127.433
Charge of the period	-	83.975	23.744	523.562	183.821	86.273	10.205	-	911.580
Transfers (*)	-	3.325	10.309	72.482	-	287	-	-	86.403
Changes in the scope of consolidation	-	-	-	-	(11.083)	(44.612)	(26.298)	-	(81.993)
Disposals	-	(2.935)	(91)	(352.589)	(19.030)	(43.396)	(28.617)	-	(446.658)
As of 31 December 2024	-	1.917.649	1.285.393	30.628.166	2.174.257	1.079.092	512.208	-	37.596.765
Net book value	409.014	1.011.594	289.046	2.831.725	2.981.688	323.197	13.069	409.752	8.269.085

(*) TRY 151.435 thousand under "Construction in progress" under the account property, plant and equipment has been classified to intangible fixed assets. TRY 224.734 thousand of right of use assets has been classified as tangible fixed assets.

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NOTE 13 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

	Land	Land improvements	Buildings	Plant, machinery, equipment and LPG cylinders	Vehicles and vessels	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvements	Construction in progress	Total
Acquisition cost									
As of 1 January 2023	387.235	2.807.483	1.504.926	33.008.481	2.934.853	1.364.968	597.361	385.978	42.991.285
Additions	-	19	-	7.090	95.514	150.638	23.249	736.788	1.013.298
Transfers (*)	-	63.699	6.240	349.439	119.814	53.804	-	(660.225)	(67.229)
Disposals	-	(6.868)	(4.438)	(237.834)	(78.113)	(115.684)	-	(39.662)	(482.599)
As of 31 December 2023	387.235	2.864.333	1.506.728	33.127.176	3.072.068	1.453.726	620.610	422.879	43.454.755
Accumulated depreciation									
As of 1 January 2023	-	1.753.737	1.230.060	30.061.995	1.897.592	1.028.936	541.111	-	36.513.431
Charge of the period	-	83.621	22.760	538.695	143.859	91.930	15.807	-	896.672
Disposals	-	(4.074)	(1.389)	(215.979)	(20.902)	(40.326)	-	-	(282.670)
As of 31 December 2023	-	1.833.284	1.251.431	30.384.711	2.020.549	1.080.540	556.918	-	37.127.433
Net book value	387.235	1.031.049	255.297	2.742.465	1.051.519	373.186	63.692	422.879	6.327.322

(*) TRY 67.229 thousand under "Construction in progress" under the account property, plant and equipment has been classified to intangible fixed assets.

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NOTE 13 – PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the details of depreciation expenses are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Cost of sales	657.714	678.347
General administrative expenses	199.925	167.598
Capitalized on cylinders	15.443	12.106
Marketing expenses	38.498	38.621
	911.580	896.672

NOTE 14 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Rights
Acquisition costs	
As of 1 January 2024	1.524.096
Additions	9.546
Transfers (*)	151.435
Changes in the scope of consolidation	(237.864)
As of 31 December 2024	1.447.213
Accumulated amortisation	
As of 1 January 2024	1.175.900
Charge for the period	77.103
Disposals	(64.003)
As of 31 December 2024	1.189.000
Net book value	258.213

(*) TRY 151.435 thousand under "Construction in progress" under the account property, plant and equipment has been classified to intangible fixed assets.

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NOTE 14 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

	Rights
Acquisition costs	
As of 1 January 2023	1.356.330
Additions	100.537
Transfers (*)	67.229
As of 31 December 2023	1.524.096
Accumulated amortisation	
As of 1 January 2023	1.101.164
Charge for the period	74.736
As of 31 December 2023	1.175.900
Net book value	348.196

(*) TRY 67.229 thousand under "Construction in progress" under the account property, plant and equipment has been classified to intangible fixed assets.

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the details of amortization expenses of intangible assets are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
General administrative expenses	77.103	74.736
	77.103	74.736

NOTE 15 – RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

				Plant, machinery, equipment and LPG cylinders	Vehicles and vessels	Furniture and fixtures	Total
	Land	Land improvements	Buildings				
As of 1 January 2024	22.476	21.580	281.587	154.251	138.748	81	618.723
Additions	7.390	1.642	6.054	-	14.395	-	29.481
Transfers (*)	(16.261)	(14.002)	(43.414)	(150.976)	-	(81)	(224.734)
Disposals	-	-	(5.262)	(4.911)	(78.129)	-	(88.302)
Changes in the scope of consolidation	-	-	(187.458)	-	(40.226)	-	(227.684)
Charge for the period	(4.163)	(571)	(53.862)	-	(82.317)	-	(140.913)
Disposals from accumulated depreciation	-	-	4.382	1.636	75.024	-	81.042
As of 31 December 2024	9.442	8.649	2.027	-	27.495	-	47.613
As of 1 January 2023	24.774	21.290	240.247	169.595	98.207	143	554.256
Additions	481	1.451	143.646	-	136.691	-	282.269
Disposals	(2.360)	-	(39.899)	-	(22.953)	-	(65.212)
Charge for the period	(2.778)	(1.161)	(91.114)	(15.344)	(95.556)	(62)	(206.015)
Disposals from accumulated depreciation	2.359	-	28.707	-	22.359	-	53.425
As of 31 December 2023	22.476	21.580	281.587	154.251	138.748	81	618.723

(*) TRY 224.734 thousand of right of use assets has been classified as tangible fixed assets.

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NOTE 15 – RIGHT OF USE ASSETS (Continued)

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the details of depreciation expenses related to the right of use assets are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Cost of sales	49.788	106.569
General administrative expenses	49.162	66.406
Marketing expenses	41.963	33.040
	140.913	206.015

NOTE 16 – CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Guarantees given as of 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Letter of guarantees given for gas purchase	3.582.577	3.663.149
Other letter of guarantees given	602.576	712.001
	4.185.153	4.375.150

The liability for environmental pollution:

According to the effective environmental laws, the Group is responsible for the environmental pollution it causes as a result of its operational activities without seeking a reason of fault. The Group may be fined with an indemnity if the Group causes an environmental pollution. There is no case opened for environmental pollution against the Group, accordingly the Group does not have a liability related with the environmental pollution cases as of the consolidated balance sheet date.

National inventory reserve liability:

Due to the liability of the storage of national petroleum stocks, petroleum products and LPG distributor license owners should hold a minimum of twenty days' average reserves at their own or other licensed storages, either together or separately. Within the decision of National Petroleum Reserves Commission numbered 2018/3 on 28 December 2018, it was decided to keep the national petroleum stocks minimum 20 days as of 1 July 2019 by the petroleum products and LPG distributor license owners. The Group fulfills its obligations regarding the national inventory reserve liability.

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NOTE 16 – CONTINGENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

The details of the Company's and its subsidiaries' guarantees given or contingent liabilities on the behalf of each other, related parties, parent company or third parties within the context of business operations or other purposes are as follows:

	31 December 2024				31 December 2023			
	TL Equivalent of Euro	TL Equivalent of USD		Total TL	TL Equivalent of Euro	TL Equivalent of USD		Total TL
A. CPMBs given on behalf of the Company’s legal personality	419.464	18.641	3.532.656	3.970.761	520.973	37.082	3.444.983	4.003.038
B. CPMBs given in favor of subsidiaries included in full consolidation (*)	-	214.392	-	214.392	-	309.537	62.412	371.949
C. CPMBs given by the Company for the liabilities of 3rd parties in order to run ordinary course of business (*)	-	-	-	-	-	-	163	163
D. Other CPMBs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i. CPMBs given in favor of parent company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ii. CPMBs given in favor of companies not in the scope of B and C above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii. CPMBs given in favor of third party companies not in the scope of C above	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total amount of CPMBs	419.464	233.033	3.532.656	4.185.153	520.973	346.619	3.507.558	4.375.150

(*) As of 31 December 2024, total amount of commission accrued for guarantees given or contingent liabilities except 'A. CPMBs given on behalf of the Company's legal personality' is TRY 1.017 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 4.080 thousand).

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NOTE 17 – LONG-TERM PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Details of long-term provisions for employee benefits as of 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Provision for employment termination benefits	205.841	301.710
Vacation pay liabilities	49.702	54.762
Total long-term provision for employee benefits	255.543	356.472

Retirement pay provision:

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Group is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, is called up for military service, dies or who retires after completing 25 years of service and reaches the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men).

The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of full TRY 41.828,42 (31 December 2023: TRY 23.489,83) for each year of service at 31 December 2024.

The liability is not funded and there is no funding requirement.

In accordance with Turkish Labour Law, employment termination benefit is the present value of the total estimated provision for the liabilities of the personnel who may retire in the future. The provision made for present value of determined social relief is calculated by the prescribed liability method. All actuarial profits and losses are accounted in the other comprehensive income statement.

TFRS require actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. The Group makes a calculation for the employment termination benefit by applying the prescribed liability method, by the experiences and by considering the personnel who become eligible for pension. This provision is calculated by expecting the present value of the future liability which will be paid for the retired personnel.

Accordingly, the following financial and demographic actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total provision:

	2024	2023
Net discount rate (%)	3,38	2,90
Average turnover rate related to the probability of retirement (%)	94,15	95,34

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. As the maximum liability is revised semi-annually, the maximum amount of full TRY 46.655,43 (1 January 2024: full TRY 35.058,58) which is effective from 1 January 2025 has been taken into consideration in calculating the reserve for employment termination benefits of the Company.

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NOTE 17 – LONG-TERM PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

The movements of retirement pay provision for the period ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
As of January 1	301.710	499.921
Service cost	39.317	101.675
Interest cost	64.566	78.880
Actuarial loss / (gain)	48.896	12.952
Monetary (gain) / loss	(105.375)	(181.798)
Payments during the period	(136.747)	(209.920)
Changes in the scope of consolidation	(6.526)	-
As of December 31	205.841	301.710

NOTE 18 –PROVISIONS

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Provision for price revision (*)	683.288	824.507
Provision for selling and marketing expenses	32.005	41.323
Provision for EMRA contribution	43.659	48.111
Provision for lawsuit	31.981	33.509
Provision for warranty expenses	6.844	5.986
Provision for other operating expenses	63.458	165.174
Other short-term provisions	861.235	1.118.610

(*) As per the contract with Akfel Gaz Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Akfel") which is the natural gas supplier of the Company's subsidiary Aygaz Doğal Gaz Tопtan Satış A.Ş. ("ADG"), as the price revision arbitration process between Akfel and Gazprom Export LLC ("Gazprom") resulted against Akfel, the amount of provision set aside as of 31 December 2024 is USD 19.399 thousand (the equivalent of TRY 683.288 thousand) (31 December 2023: USD 19.399 thousand provision – the equivalent of TRY 824.507 thousand).

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NOTE 18 –PROVISIONS (Continued)

The movements of the provision for the other operating expenses for the period ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	2024	2023
As of January 1	165.174	83.738
Increases during the period	12.713	175.529
Payments during the period	(32.205)	(45.354)
Monetary (gain) / loss	(82.224)	(48.739)
As of December 31	63.458	165.174

NOTE 19 – OTHER SHORT-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Deferred VAT	134.872	612.272
Fuel used in shipping operations	59.974	21.512
Income accrual	9.929	82.687
Other current assets	1.989	5.047
Other current assets	206.764	721.518

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Taxes and funds payable	664.030	683.802
Other liabilities	4.282	30.444
Other short-term liabilities	668.312	714.246

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NOTE 20 – PREPAID EXPENSES

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the details of Group's prepaid expenses in current assets are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Prepaid expenses	111.888	147.482
Advances given	6.336	17.301
Short-term prepaid expenses	118.224	164.783

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Prepaid expenses	32.409	60.613
Long-term prepaid expenses	32.409	60.613

NOTE 21 – DEFERRED INCOME

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Advances taken	61.091	48.399
Prepaid income	11.054	23.109
Short-term deferred income	72.145	71.508

NOTE 22 – SHARE CAPITAL

Shareholders	Participation rate (%)	31 December 2024	Participation rate (%)	31 December 2023
Koç Holding A.Ş.	40,68	89.425	40,68	89.425
Liquid Petroleum Gas Development Company ("LPGDC") (*)	24,52	53.885	24,52	53.885
Temel Ticaret ve Yatırım A.Ş.	5,77	12.693	5,77	12.693
Koç Family	4,76	10.452	4,76	10.452
Publicly held (*)	24,27	53.346	24,27	53.346
Nominal capital	100,00	219.801	100,00	219.801
Inflation adjustment (**)		5.892.519		5.892.519
Adjusted capital		6.112.320		6.112.320

(*) TRY 1.996.553,90 under publicly held shares (0,91% participation rate on the share capital) belong to Hilal Madeni Eşya Ticaret Sanayi ve Yatırım A.Ş., a 100% owned subsidiary of LPGDC.

(**) Capital adjustment differences represent the disparity between the total amount of cash and cash equivalents added to capital after adjustment made based on TFRS published by POA and the amount before such adjustment. Capital adjustment differences have no use other than being added to capital.

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NOTE 22 – SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Restricted reserves assorted from the profit

The legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves, appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code. The first legal reserve is appropriated out of historical statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the historical paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is 10% of dividend distributed exceeding 5% of paid-in share capital. According to Turkish Commercial Code, legal reserves may only be used as long as it does not exceed 50% of the paid capital. Otherwise, it may not be used under any circumstances.

The details of the restricted reserves are stated below:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Legal reserves	4.249.256	4.067.575
Statutory reserves	191.263	191.263
	4.440.519	4.258.838

The historical values and inflation adjustment effects of the following accounts under the Group's equity as of 31 December 2024 in accordance with the TFRS and TPL financial statements are as follows:

31.12.2024 (according to TFRS)	Nominal Value	Effect of Inflation Adjustment	Indexed Value
Capital	219.801	5.892.519	6.112.320
Legal reserves	530.498	3.718.758	4.249.256

31.12.2024 (according to TPL (VUK))	Nominal Value	Effect of Inflation Adjustment	Indexed Value
Capital	219.801	6.355.072	6.574.873
Legal reserves	530.498	7.548.015	8.078.513

Dividend distribution

Listed companies distribute dividend in accordance with the Communiqué No. II-19.1 issued by the CMB which is effective from 1 February 2014.

Companies distribute dividends in accordance with their dividend payment policies settled and dividend payment decision taken in general assembly and also in conformity with relevant legislations. The communiqué does not constitute a minimum dividend rate. Companies distribute dividend in accordance with the method defined in their dividend policy or articles of incorporation. In addition, dividend can be distributed by fixed or variable installments and advance dividend can be paid in accordance with profit on financial statements of the Company.

In accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code (TCC), unless the required reserves and the dividend for shareholders as determined in the article of association or in the dividend distribution policy of the company are set aside, no decision may be made to set aside other reserves, to transfer profits to the subsequent year or to distribute dividends to the holders of usufruct right certificates, to the members of the board of directors or to the employees; and no dividend can be distributed to these persons unless the determined dividend for shareholders is paid in cash.

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NOTE 22 – SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

Dividend distribution (Continued)

The Company's statutory profit for the period and other sources that are subject the profit distribution as of 31 December 2024, amounts to TRY 5.318.843 thousand nominal (31 December 2023: TRY 3.499.326 thousand nominal).

Dividends paid

In the Ordinary General Meeting held on 1 April 2024, the Company decided to reserve TRY 149.465 thousand nominal as legal reserves and distribute TRY 1.505.635 thousand nominal (indexed TRY 1.831.004 thousand) gross dividends from the net distributable income of 2023 and dividends have been started to be paid as of 4 April 2024.

Gains and losses on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

Gains and losses from the revaluation and reclassification are related to financial assets and their details are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Koç Finansal Hizmetler A.Ş.	1.450.718	1.263.732
	1.450.718	1.263.732

Currency translation adjustment

As of 31 December 2024, foreign currency translation differences represent the foreign currency translation differences in the Group's investments valued using the equity method.

Financial risk hedging reserve:

It includes cash flow hedge gains/(losses) of EYAS, which is the Group's equity method investment.

NOTE 23 - REVENUE AND COST OF SALES

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Domestic sales	67.503.738	73.770.576
Export sales	16.960.818	22.233.562
Sales returns (-)	(304.105)	(292.886)
Sales discounts (-)	(2.387.327)	(2.103.640)
Total revenue, net	81.773.124	93.607.612
Sales of goods and services	75.005.328	87.089.609
Sales of merchandises	6.767.796	6.518.003
Revenue	81.773.124	93.607.612

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NOTE 23 - REVENUE AND COST OF SALES (Continued)

The accounting policy of Special Consumption Tax (SCT) on imported LPG which is required to be paid after the declaration made to the Republic of Turkey, Ministry of Finance is applied to be included in revenues and cost of goods sold (Gross profit and net income is not impacted by this record). For the period 1 January-31 December 2024, SCT on imported LPG included in revenues and the cost of goods sold is amounting to TRY 12.514.752 thousand (1 January-31 December 2023: TRY 9.681.513 thousand).

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Raw materials used	65.429.238	75.207.865
Production overheads	1.137.726	1.163.791
Personnel expenses	757.454	788.120
Depreciation expenses	531.403	571.956
Change in finished goods inventories	(367.961)	(80.550)
Total cost of goods sold	67.487.860	77.651.182
Cost of services rendered	1.560.070	2.773.447
Personnel expenses	244.232	277.606
Depreciation expenses	176.099	212.960
Total cost of services rendered	1.980.401	3.264.013
Cost of merchandises cost	5.430.864	5.527.186
Total cost of sales	74.899.125	86.442.381

NOTE 24 – GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING EXPENSES AND RESEARCHED AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
General administrative expenses	2.631.381	3.091.359
Marketing expenses	3.595.675	3.529.423
Research and development expenses	24.019	39.685
	6.251.075	6.660.467

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NOTE 24 – GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES, MARKETING EXPENSES AND RESEARCHED AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES (Continued)

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
General administrative expenses		
Personnel expenses	1.422.408	1.750.159
Depreciation and amortization expenses	326.190	308.740
Information technology expenses	174.942	207.263
Insurance expenses	77.360	82.146
Maintenance expenses	51.669	69.241
Transportation expenses	69.453	64.441
Tax expenses	62.878	68.117
Communication expenses	41.980	40.296
Lawsuit, consultancy and auditing expenses	26.916	38.268
Post office expenses	9.407	9.207
Rent expenses	8.605	3.569
Other administrative expenses	359.573	449.912
Total	2.631.381	3.091.359
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses		
Transportation, distribution and warehousing expenses	2.053.643	1.930.443
Personnel expenses	529.271	464.024
Sales expenses	410.894	213.677
Advertising and promotion expenses	214.644	255.100
After sales services and maintenances expenses	83.660	77.780
Depreciation and amortization expenses	80.461	71.661
License expenses	49.751	60.098
Transportation expenses	43.246	51.260
Other marketing, selling and distribution expenses	130.105	405.380
Total	3.595.675	3.529.423
Research and development expenses		
Research and development expenses	24.019	39.685
Total	24.019	39.685

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NOTE 25 – EXPENSES RELATED TO NATURE

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Transportation, distribution and warehousing expenses	2.053.643	1.930.443
Personnel expenses	1.951.679	2.214.183
Sales expenses	410.894	213.677
Depreciation and amortization expenses	406.671	380.429
Advertising and promotion expenses	214.644	255.100
Information technology expenses	174.942	207.263
Transportation expenses	112.699	115.701
After sales services and maintenances expenses	83.660	77.780
Insurance expenses	77.360	82.146
Tax expenses	62.878	68.117
Maintenance expenses	51.669	69.241
License expenses	49.751	60.098
Communication expenses	41.980	40.296
Lawsuit, consultancy and auditing expenses	26.916	38.268
Outsourced research and development expenses	24.019	39.685
Other	507.670	868.040
Total	6.251.075	6.660.467

Fees for Services Received from Independent Auditor/Independent Audit Firms

The Group's explanation regarding the fees for the services received from independent audit firms, which is based on the latter of POA dated 19 August 2021, the preparation principles of which are based on the Board Decision published in the Official Gazette on 30 March 2021 are as follows:

	2024	2023
Audit and assurance fee	3.345	3.251
Other assurance services fee	-	1.128
Total	3.345	4.379

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NOTE 26 – OTHER OPERATING INCOME/EXPENSES

Other operating income for the years ended as of 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Other operating income		
Income generated from maturity differences of sales	906.014	833.371
Foreign exchange gains arising from trading activities	754.577	1.030.274
Income from port services	62.417	76.286
Rent income	40.821	26.241
LPG pipeline usage income	17.808	21.824
Provisions no longer required	1.811	91.619
Gain on sale of scrap	63	448
Goodwill expenses from prior years	-	596
Other income and profits	261.941	215.278
Total	2.045.452	2.295.937

Other operating expenses for the years ended as of 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Other operating expense		
Foreign exchange losses arising from trading activities	1.019.652	1.721.901
Expenses from maturity differences of purchases	460.951	314.058
Foreign exchange losses related to price revision provision (*)	112.225	300.805
Provision expenses	42.205	34.076
Other expenses and losses	157.994	124.586
Total	1.793.027	2.495.426

(*) This amount includes the price revision provision currency valuation effect of the Company's subsidiary Aygaz Doğal Gaz Tiptan Satış (Note: 18). The currency risk of subjected provision is managed within the framework of the Group's currency risk management practices (Note: 33).

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") in the terms of purchasing power of the TRY at 31 December 2024 unless otherwise indicated.)

NOTE 27 – INCOME AND EXPENSES FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Income from investment activities		
Dividend income from financial activities	189.120	266.509
Income from sales of property, plant and equipment	67.345	96.606
Change in fair value of financial investments	-	101.930
Total	256.465	465.045
Expense from investment activities		
Loss due to changes in share ratio resulting in loss of control (*)	115.079	-
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	32.822	26.216
Total	147.901	26.216

(*) This amount includes the loss related to the Sendeo-Kolay Gelsin share transfer transaction (Note: 12).

NOTE 28 – FINANCIAL INCOME AND EXPENSES

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Financial income		
Interest income	951.630	780.315
Foreign exchange gains	321.845	1.049.422
Fair value differences on derivative transactions	1.364	32.300
Total	1.274.839	1.862.037
Financial expense		
Foreign exchange losses	432.470	1.417.558
Interest expenses	217.065	927.271
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	29.345	52.355
Commission expense of letter of credit	12.177	21.178
Other financial expenses	162.315	110.797
Total	853.372	2.529.159

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NOTE 29 – EXPLANATIONS REGARDING NET MONETARY POSITION GAINS/(LOSSES)

	1 January - 31 December 2024
Non-monetary items	
Financial statement items	(1.470.324)
Other current assets	(10.356)
Long-term financial investments	8.431.809
Property, plant and equipment	1.337.347
Intangible assets	76.880
Right-of-use assets	78.119
Other non-current assets	(5.783)
Deferred tax assets/liabilities	(479.944)
Adjustment to share capital	(4.273.996)
Other comprehensive income or expenses not to be reclassified to profit or loss	40.102
Retained earnings	(6.664.503)
Profit and loss items	1.044.763
Revenue	(10.033.021)
Cost of Sales	9.726.828
Research and development expenses	3.148
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses	477.070
General administrative expenses	543.236
Other operating income/expenses	(23.834)
Other income/expense from investment activities	(118.522)
Financial income/expenses	(30.288)
Current tax expense for the period	242.502
Deferred tax income/expense	257.643
Net monetary gain/loss	(425.561)

NOTE 30 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period (one thousand)	21.980.100	21.980.100
Net profit for the year attributable equity holders of the parent company	2.122.621	8.596.186
Earnings (losses) per hundred shares (TL)	9,6570	39,1089

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NOTE 31 – TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Current corporate tax provision	231.464	570.257
Less: Prepaid taxes and funds	(244.098)	(455.366)
Current period tax (asset) / liability, net	(12.634)	114.891

	1 January - 31 December 2024	1 January - 31 December 2023
Current corporate tax provision	(250.863)	(570.257)
Deferred tax income / (expense)	(742.953)	678.213
Total tax income / (expense)	(993.816)	107.956

Corporate tax

The Group is subject to Turkish corporate taxes. Provision is made in the accompanying financial statements for the estimated tax charge based on the Group's results for the years and periods.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding back non-deductible expenses, and by deducting dividends received from resident companies, other exempt income and investment incentives utilized.

As of 31 December 2024 the rate of tax is 25% (2023: 25%). Corporation tax rate is applied to net income of the companies after adjusting for certain disallowable expenses, exempt income and allowances.

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis. Losses are allowed to be carried 5 years maximum to be deducted from the taxable profit of the following years. Tax carry back is not allowed.

In accordance with the Law No. 7440 on the "Restructuring of Certain Receivables and Amending Certain Laws" published in the Official Gazette on 12 March 2023, with the exceptions and deductions subject to deduction from corporate income in accordance with the regulations in the laws, by being shown in the corporate tax return for the year 2022. An additional tax of 10% should be calculated over the bases subject to reduced corporate tax, without being associated with the period income, and at the rate of 5% over the exempted earnings. As of 31 December 2023, the Company's accrued amount for the related tax in addition to the corporate tax is TRY 43.218 thousand (TRY 29.934 thousand nominal). The tax payment has been divided in two installments in the year 2023 and the was paid in May 2023 and August 2023.

Deferred tax

The Group recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon temporary differences arising between the financial statements as reported for TAS/IFRS purposes issued by POA and financial statements prepared in accordance with the tax legislation. These differences arise from the differences in accounting periods for the recognition of income and expenses in accordance with TAS/IFRS and tax legislation.

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NOTE 31 – TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

The Company revalued its tangible and intangible assets and their depreciation as of 31 December 2022, within the scope of the Tax Procedure Law General Communiqué (Sequence No: 530) published by the Ministry of Treasury and Finance. Due to TFRS, related assets are continued to be accounted under cost method. It has calculated the deferred tax asset/liability, which is currently calculated over the temporary difference between TFRS and TPL, over the current TPL values that will occur with the effect of revaluation, and the deferred tax income that will arise due to this application, to the extent that the recovery of the said tax advantage is deemed possible, is calculated as a single income tax accounted for in the table.

As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the distribution of deferred tax liability calculated using effective tax rates as of the balance sheet date is as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Depreciation/amortization differences of property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets	325.738	165.736
Revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	207.245	66.513
Accumulated deductible financial losses	-	(440.493)
Provision for employment termination benefits	(49.546)	(73.028)
Valuation of inventories	(31.148)	(57.658)
Other	(21.893)	(32.923)
Deferred tax (assets)/liabilities, net	430.396	(371.853)

In Turkey, since the companies cannot declare consolidated tax refund, subsidiaries with deferred tax assets and subsidiaries with deferred tax liabilities cannot be netted off and are shown separately.

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Deferred tax assets	(24.228)	(482.180)
Deferred tax liabilities	454.624	110.327
Deferred tax (assets) / liabilities, net	430.396	(371.853)

The usage periods of fiscal year losses on which tax assets are created are as follows;

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Year 2026	-	26.398
Year 2027	-	168.180
Year 2028	-	245.916

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NOTE 31 – TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Movement of deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2024	2023
As of January 1	(371.853)	313.489
Change to the profit or loss	742.953	(678.213)
Change to the equity	129.040	(7.129)
- Effect of gains/(losses) re-measurement on defined benefit plans	(11.690)	(6.812)
- Effect of gains/(losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	140.730	778
- Effect of gains/(losses) on cash flow hedges	-	(1.095)
Changes in the scope of consolidation	(69.744)	-
As of 31 December	430.396	(371.853)

Tax Provision reconciliation:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Profit before tax	2.644.692	7.891.571
Tax expense calculated using current tax rate (25%, 25%)	(661.173)	(1.972.893)
Tax effects of:		
Revenue that is exempt from taxation - (investments accounted under equity method)	(577.071)	1.324.387
Tax reductions and exemptions	822.976	1.094.453
Monetary gain / (loss)	98.222	(253.976)
Tax rate differences	-	51.065
Expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	(2.576)	(10.375)
Assets not included in the deferred tax calculation	(127.979)	(78.177)
Prior year losses used	(440.493)	-
Valuation related tax asset adjustment	-	16.553
Other	(105.722)	(63.081)
Tax expense in the statement of profit or loss	(993.816)	107.956

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NOTE 32 – BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

A company is defined as a related party of the Company, if one of the companies has a control power on the other company or has a significant impact on financial and administrative decisions of the other company. The Company is controlled by Koç Holding, Koç Family or entities owned by Koç Family. In financial statements, shareholder companies, shareholders and financial investments and other Group companies' assets are shown as related parties. As of 31 December 2024 TRY 2.101 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 2.144 thousand) of total amount of other payables to related parties consists of dividend payables to the shareholders except for Koç Group.

31 December 2024				
Balances with related parties	Receivables		Payables	
	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade
Group companies (*)				
Türkiye Petrol Rafinerileri A.Ş.	23.456	-	174.260	-
Demir Export A.Ş.	18.076	-	-	-
Opet Petrolcülük A.Ş.	17.102	-	412.409	-
Düzey Tüketim Malları San. Pazarlama ve Tic. A.Ş.	9.749	-	62	-
Koçtaş Yapı Marketleri Ticaret A.Ş.	5.251	-	3.167	-
Otokar Otomotiv ve Savunma Sanayi A.Ş.	3.765	-	11	-
Arçelik A.Ş.	3.352	-	1.831	-
Ford Otomotiv Sanayi A.Ş.	3.448	-	-	-
Otokoç Otomotiv Tic. ve San. A.Ş.	1.041	-	10.276	-
Koç Sistem Bilgi ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	716	-	27.361	-
Zer Merkezi Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş. (**)	268	-	48.869	-
Other	22.994	-	50.757	-
Shareholders				
Koç Holding A.Ş.	37	-	65.030	-
Investments accounted under the equity method				
United Aygaz	509.539	-	-	-
	618.794	-	794.033	-
31 December 2023				
Balances with related parties	Receivables		Payables	
	Trade	Non-trade	Trade	Non-trade
Group companies (*)				
Türkiye Petrol Rafinerileri A.Ş.	51.387	-	567.204	-
Opet Petrolcülük A.Ş.	14.032	-	439.371	-
Koçtaş Yapı Marketleri Ticaret A.Ş.	12.180	-	3.692	-
Arçelik A.Ş.	11.293	-	8.858	-
Demir Export A.Ş. - Fernas İnşaat A.Ş. Adi Ortaklığı	8.302	-	-	-
Tofaş Türk Otomobil Fabrikası A.Ş.	3.532	-	266	-
Koç Sistem Bilgi ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	2.993	-	40.381	-
Zer Merkezi Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş. (**)	3	-	93.435	-
Otokoç Otomotiv Tic. ve San. A.Ş.	-	-	220.360	-
Other	53.627	-	56.371	-
Shareholders				
Koç Holding A.Ş.	8.016	-	79.761	-
Investments accounted under the equity method				
United Aygaz	269.082	-	-	-
	434.447	-	1.509.699	-

(*) Group companies include companies controlled by Koç Group companies.

(**) Zer Merkezi Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş. ("Zer") provides purchasing services for various item to the Group. As of balance sheet date, trade payables consist of Group's payables to third party intermediary service companies and payables to Zer for commissions for intermediary activities

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NOTE 32 – BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

	1 January - 31 December 2024			
	Purchases	Sales	Purchases	Sales
Transactions with related parties	(Goods)	(Goods)	(Service)	(Service)
Group companies (*)				
Türkiye Petrol Rafinerileri A.Ş.	4.592.692	605.982	14.165	453
Opet Petrolcülük A.Ş. (**) (***)	4.006.238	1.259.715	726.323	6.113
Zer Merkezi Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş.	151.193	322	219.978	55
Ram Dış Ticaret A.Ş.	33.561	-	101	-
Opet Fuchs Madeni Yağ San. Tic A.Ş.	30.833	281	174	190
Divan Turizm İşletmeleri A.Ş.	2.362	17.553	15.228	44
Otokoç Otomotiv Tic. ve San. A.Ş.	2.296	2.882	61.870	1.417
Koçtaş Yapı Marketleri Ticaret A.Ş.	961	19.678	4.356	2.666
Koç Sistem Bilgi ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	740	932	108.746	2.717
Arçelik A.Ş.	64	24.231	12.770	12.397
Ford Otomotiv Sanayi A.Ş.	-	70.733	959	851
Türk Traktör ve Ziraat Makinaları A.Ş.	-	49.259	82	-
Otokar Otomotiv ve Savunma Sanayi A.Ş.	-	34.650	21	22
Demir Export A.Ş.	-	138.958	298	308
Entek Elektrik Üretimi A.Ş.	-	297	55.282	69
Other	12.100	78.970	157.259	9.791
Shareholders				
Koç Holding A.Ş. (***)	-	887	124.208	108
Other	-	911	-	-
Investments accounted under the equity method				
United Aygaz	-	3.683.759	-	-
	8.833.040	5.990.000	1.501.820	37.201

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NOTE 32 – BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

Transactions with related parties	1 January - 31 December 2023			
	Purchases (Goods)	Sales (Goods)	Purchases (Service)	Sales (Service)
Group companies (*)				
Türkiye Petrol Rafinerileri A.Ş.	5.849.122	1.600.028	74.526	9.813
Opet Petrolcülük A.Ş.(**) (***)	3.809.407	446.651	712.866	6.061
Zer Merkezi Hizmetler ve Ticaret A.Ş.	148.653	422	478.840	117
Entek Elektrik Üretimi A.Ş.	8.068	186	69.312	128
Opet Fuchs Madeni Yağ San. Tic A.Ş.	25.533	266	360	199
Koç Sistem Bilgi ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	6.576	625	143.514	4.659
Koçtaş Yapı Marketleri Ticaret A.Ş.	837	21.764	5.335	27.252
Divan Turizm İşletmeleri A.Ş.	1.422	16.846	1.728	97
Arçelik A.Ş.	23	33.886	1.838	2.186
Tanı Pazarlama ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	12	101	22.217	-
Ford Otomotiv Sanayi A.Ş.	-	74.767	-	1.246
Tüpraş Trading Ltd.	-	618.732	-	-
Türk Traktör ve Ziraat Makinaları A.Ş.	-	59.425	69	523
Demir Export A.Ş.	-	17.419	-	25
Otokar Otomotiv ve Savunma Sanayi A.Ş.	-	41.565	20	218
Tofaş Türk Otomobil Fabrikası A.Ş.	-	25.190	-	409
Demir Export A.Ş. - Fernas İnşaat A.Ş. Adi Ortaklığı	-	25.090	-	-
Setur Servis Turistik A.Ş.	-	537	44.473	627
Other	4.334	65.433	256.113	27.721
Shareholders				
Koç Holding A.Ş. (****)	-	670	148.720	92
Other	-	933	59	-
Investments accounted under the equity method				
United Aygaz	-	1.479.514	-	-
	9.853.987	4.530.050	1.959.990	81.373

(*) Group companies include companies controlled by Koç Group companies.

(**) Commission expenses regarding LPG sold at Opet stations for year ended 31 December 2024 is TRY 716.225 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 647.839 thousand). The commission expense mentioned above is evaluated as part of sales and accounted under income statement as sales discounts.

(***) Though not presented at transactions with related parties, so as to fulfil fuel and auto gas sales exclusively and on the basis of station, prepayments and/or infrastructural investments are made directed for sales under "Agreement of Auto Gas Sales at Gas Stations" between Aygaz and Opet. Prepayments are presented under prepaid expenses in consolidated statement of financial position and are periodically amortized based on duration of dealer agreements. Prepayments and investment contribution margin amounting to TRY 5.677 thousand has been made to Opet for year ended 31 December 2024 in consideration of 5 years sale agreement on average to be paid to Aygaz Dealers making auto-gas sales at Opet stations (1 January – 31 December 2023: TRY 6.530 thousand).

(****) Billed remuneration for services such as finance, law, planning, tax and senior management provided by Koç Holding, the main shareholder, to Group companies, service expenses including personnel and senior management as a result of arrangement of 1st Serial Number of General Communique About Transfer Pricing Through Hidden Income Distribution's "11- In Group Services".

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NOTE 32 – BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

1 January - 31 December 2024				
Tangible asset and rent transactions with related parties	Rent income	Rent expense	Tangible and intangible asset purchases	Tangible asset sales
Group companies (*)				
Opet Petrolcülük A.Ş.	4.848	-	-	-
Koç Sistem Bilgi ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	-	-	42.932	-
KoçDigital Çözümler AŞ.	-	-	8.755	-
Otokoç Otomotiv Tic. ve San. A.Ş.	-	-	4.097	-
Other	-	-	2.125	481
	4.848	-	57.909	481
1 January - 31 December 2023				
Tangible asset and rent transactions with related parties	Rent income	Rent expense	Tangible and intangible asset purchases	Tangible asset sales
Group companies (*)				
Opet Petrolcülük A.Ş.	5.082	-	-	-
Otokoç Otomotiv Tic. ve San. A.Ş.	-	-	143.581	25
Koç Sistem Bilgi ve İletişim Hizmetleri A.Ş.	-	-	33.118	-
KoçDigital Çözümler AŞ.	-	-	4.728	-
Other	-	-	39.278	37.981
Share holders				
Koç Holding A.Ş.	-	1.429	-	-
	5.082	1.429	220.705	38.006
1 January - 31 December 2024				
Financial and other transactions with related parties	Financial income	Financial expense	Other income	Other expense
Group companies (*)				
Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	103.912	37.251	-	-
Other	-	-	25	2.884
	103.912	37.251	25	2.884
1 January - 31 December 2023				
Financial and other transactions with related parties	Financial income	Financial expense	Other income	Other expense
Group companies (*)				
Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	454.564	342.305	-	-
Other	-	-	-	31.284
	454.564	342.305	-	31.284

(*) Group companies include Koç Group companies.

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NOTE 32 – BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

Cash at banks	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Group companies (*)		
Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	181.782	214.411
Credit card receivables	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Group companies (*)		
Yapı ve Kredi Bankası A.Ş.	60.001	11.327

(*) Group companies include Koç Group companies.

Benefits to Top Management:

The Company has determined senior managers as Board of Directors' members, General Manager, Vice General Managers and Directors directly reporting to General Manager.

Benefits to top management personnel includes salaries, premiums, SSI employer's contribution, employer's contribution of unemployment insurance and the attendance fees of board of directors.

The total benefits provided by the Company to its senior executives for the period ending 31 December 2024, amount to TRY 423.458 thousand as of 31 December 2024, based on purchasing power, all of which consist of short-term benefits (January 1–31 December 2023: TRY 518.810 thousand).

NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or rearrange capital structure, the Company can return back capital to shareholders, issue new shares and sale assets in order to decrease debt requirement.

The Group controls its capital using the net financial debt/total equity ratio parallel to other companies in the sector. This ratio is the calculated as net debt divided by the equity amount. Net debt is calculated as total financial borrowings amount less cash and cash equivalents.

Risk management is applied based on the policies approved by the Board of Directors by treasury department. Group's treasury department defines and reviews the financial risk and uses tools to minimize the risk by collaborating with Group's operational units based on such risk policies. Board of Directors prepares written procedures or general policies related with the risk management including currency risk, interest risk, using of derivative and non-derivative instruments and to evaluate cash surplus.

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Total short-term and long-term borrowings	2.000.581	3.205.609
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(3.844.031)	(4.871.616)
Net financial debt	(1.843.450)	(1.666.007)
Total shareholder's equity	52.272.628	52.731.993
Net financial debt/equity ratio (%) (*)	(3,5)	(3,2)

(*) As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, it is a net cash position.

b) Financial risk factors

The risks of the Group resulted from the operations, include market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's risk management program generally seeks to minimize the effects of uncertainty in financial market on financial performance of the Group. The Group uses derivative financial instruments in order to safeguard itself from different financial risks.

b.1. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group manages this risk by the credit limits up to the guarantees received from customers. The usage of credit limits is monitored by the Group according to the customer's credibility is evaluated continuously.

Trade receivables consist of many customers that operate in various industries and locations. Credit risk of the receivables from counterparties is evaluated perpetually.

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Credit risk of financial instruments	Receivables				Deposits in banks	Credit card receivables
	Trade receivables		Other receivables			
	Related party	Third party	Related party	Third party		
Maximum exposure to credit risk as of 31 December 2024 (A+B+C+D) (*)	618.794	3.524.777	-	19.124	3.771.256	71.530
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee with collateral etc.	-	2.324.211	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due or impaired	618.794	3.299.547	-	19.124	3.771.256	71.530
B. The net book value of financial assets that are renegotiated, if not that will be accepted as past due or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Carrying value of financial assets that are past due but not impaired	-	225.230	-	-	-	-
- The part under guarantee with collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of impaired assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Past due (gross carrying amount)	-	26.682	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	(26.682)	-	-	-	-
- The part of net value under guarantee with collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Expected credit loss (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-

(*) Amounts show the maximum credit risk as of balance sheet date, without considering the guarantees or other items increasing credit security.

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Credit risk of financial instruments	Receivables					
	Trade receivables		Other receivables		Deposits in banks	Credit card receivables
	Related party	Third party	Related party	Third party		
Maximum exposure to credit risk as of 31 December 2023 (A+B+C+D) (*)	434.447	5.384.439	-	15.751	4.852.082	16.925
- The part of maximum risk under guarantee with collateral etc.	-	2.215.932	-	-	-	-
A. Net book value of financial assets that are neither past due or impaired	434.447	4.918.880	-	15.751	4.852.082	16.925
B. The net book value of financial assets that are renegotiated, if not that will be accepted as past due or impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
C. Carrying value of financial assets that are past due but not impaired	-	465.559	-	-	-	-
- The part under guarantee with collateral etc.	-	2.581	-	-	-	-
D. Net book value of impaired assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Past due (gross carrying amount)	-	53.127	-	-	-	-
- Impairment (-)	-	(53.127)	-	-	-	-
- The part of net value under guarantee with collateral etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-
E. Expected credit loss (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-

(*) Amounts show the maximum credit risk as of balance sheet date, without considering the guarantees or other items increasing credit security.

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31 December 2024	Trade receivables	Other receivables	Deposits in banks	Derivative instruments	Other	Total
Past due 1-30 days	187.322	-	-	-	-	187.322
Past due 1-3 months	30.032	-	-	-	-	30.032
Past due 3-12 months	6.936	-	-	-	-	6.936
Past due 1-5 years	940	-	-	-	-	940
Total past due receivable	225.230	-	-	-	-	225.230
Amount of risk covered by guarantees	-	-	-	-	-	-

31 December 2023	Trade receivables	Other receivables	Deposits in banks	Derivative instruments	Other	Total
	291.791	-	-	-	-	291.790
	26.362	-	-	-	-	26.362
	104.478	-	-	-	-	104.478
	42.928	-	-	-	-	42.928
	465.559	-	-	-	-	465.559
Guarantees	2.581	-	-	-	-	2.581

b.2. Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk management responsibility mainly belongs to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium- and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk forecasts and actual cash flows, by monitoring continuously and by maintaining adequate funds and reserve borrowings as matching the maturity profile of financial assets and liabilities.

The following table presents the maturity of Group's financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of non-derivative financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Derivative financial liabilities are presented according to undiscounted net cash inflow and cash outflow. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted net cash inflows/(outflows) on the derivative instrument that settle on a net basis and the undiscounted gross inflows/(outflows) on those derivatives that require gross settlement. When the amounts of the payables or receivables are not fixed, the disclosed amount has been determined by reference to the projected interest rates as illustrated by the yield curves existing at the reporting date.

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	31 December 2024					
	Book value	Total cash flow according to the contract (I +II+III+IV)	Less than 3 months (I)	3-12 months (II)	1-5 years (III)	More than 5 years (IV)
Contractual maturity analysis						
Short-term and long-term borrowings (*)	1.970.054	1.987.853	385.894	788.996	812.963	-
Trade payables	4.541.641	4.541.641	4.541.641	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	30.527	40.150	11.226	17.729	8.809	2.386
Liabilities for employee benefits	401.019	401.019	401.019	-	-	-
Other payables	288.115	288.115	10.764	-	277.351	-
Total non derivative financial liabilities	7.231.356	7.258.778	5.350.544	806.725	1.099.123	2.386

(*) The amounts are cash flows based on contract, which have not been discounted.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	31 December 2023					
	Book value	Total cash flow according to the contract (I + II + III + IV)	Less than 3 months (I)	3-12 months (II)	1-5 years (III)	More than 5 years (IV)
Contractual maturity analysis						
Short-term and long-term borrowings (*)	2.944.214	3.068.744	1.562.722	1.506.022	-	-
Trade payables	7.555.773	7.555.773	7.555.773	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	261.395	323.123	51.127	110.814	159.077	2.105
Liabilities for employee benefits	384.292	384.292	384.292	-	-	-
Other payables	318.681	318.683	10.779	-	307.904	-
Total non derivative financial liabilities	11.464.355	11.650.615	9.564.693	1.616.836	466.981	2.105

	31 December 2023					
	Book value	Total cash flow according to the contract (I + II + III + IV)	Less than 3 months (I)	3-12 months (II)	1-5 years (III)	More than 5 years (IV)
Derivative financial instruments (*)						
Derivative cash inflows		212.513	212.513	-	-	-
Derivative cash outflows		(220.269)	(220.269)	-	-	-
Total derivative financial instruments, net	(1.483)	(7.756)	(7.756)	-	-	-

(*) The amounts are cash flows based on contract, which have not been discounted.

b.3. Market risk management

The Group's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks including foreign currency risk and interest rate risk as explained below. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures in order to manage foreign currency and interest rate risks. These instruments are:

1. Foreign exchange forward purchase agreements to manage exposure to liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.
2. Foreign exchange purchase options to manage exposure to liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.
3. Principal and interest swap agreements to manage exposure to liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

At the Group level market risk exposures are measured by sensitivity analysis and stress scenarios. There has been no change in the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner which it manages and measures the risk compared to the previous year.

b.3.1. Foreign currency risk management

The Group's monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities in terms of foreign currencies are as follows:

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

		31 December 2024			
		Total TL equivalent	TL equivalent of USD	TL equivalent of Euro	Other
1.	Trade receivables	868.996	869.124	(128)	-
2.a	Monetary financial assets	2.066.074	2.058.095	6.853	1.126
2.b	Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
3.	Other	-	-	-	-
4.	Current assets	2.935.070	2.927.219	6.725	1.126
5.	Trade receivables	-	-	-	-
6.a	Monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
6.b	Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
7.	Other	-	-	-	-
8.	Non-current assets	-	-	-	-
9.	Total assets	2.935.070	2.927.219	6.725	1.126
10.	Trade payables	(2.340.615)	(2.238.741)	(8.061)	(93.813)
11.	Financial liabilities	(1.315.438)	(1.315.438)	-	-
12.a	Other monetary financial liabilities	(683.305)	(683.305)	-	-
12.b	Other non-monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
13.	Current liabilities	(4.339.358)	(4.237.484)	(8.061)	(93.813)
14.	Trade payables	-	-	-	-
15.	Financial liabilities	(654.616)	(654.616)	-	-
16.a	Other monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
16.b	Other non-monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
17.	Non-current liabilities	(654.616)	(654.616)	-	-
18.	Total liabilities	(4.993.974)	(4.892.100)	(8.061)	(93.813)
19.	Net asset/liability position of off balance sheet asset and liabilities (19a-19b)	-	-	-	-
19.a	Total derivative assets	-	-	-	-
19.b	Total derivative liabilities	-	-	-	-
20.	Net foreign currency asset/(liability) position (9+18+19)	(2.058.904)	(1.964.881)	(1.336)	(92.687)
21.	Net foreign currency asset/(liability) position of monetary items (1+2a+5+6a+10+11+12a+14+15+16a)	(2.058.904)	(1.964.881)	(1.336)	(92.687)
22.	Fair value of derivative instruments held for hedging	-	-	-	-
23.	Hedged foreign currency assets	-	-	-	-
24.	Hedged foreign currency liabilities	-	-	-	-
25.	Export (*)	16.912.755	16.803.468	86.052	23.235
26.	Import (*)	44.974.096	44.939.260	27.118	7.718

(*) Transit sales and purchases are included.

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	31 December 2023			
	Total TL equivalent	TL equivalent of USD	TL equivalent of Euro	Other
1. Trade receivables	1.136.794	989.393	147.401	-
2.a Monetary financial assets	2.292.831	2.275.384	16.022	1.425
2.b Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
3. Other	1.151	295	856	-
4. Current assets	3.430.776	3.265.072	164.279	1.425
5. Trade receivables	-	-	-	-
6.a Monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
6.b Non-monetary financial assets	-	-	-	-
7. Other	-	-	-	-
8. Non-current assets	-	-	-	-
9. Total assets	3.430.776	3.265.072	164.279	1.425
10. Trade payables	(3.342.094)	(3.248.650)	(93.361)	(82)
11. Financial liabilities	(1.638.811)	(1.638.811)	-	-
12.a Other monetary financial liabilities	(824.518)	(824.518)	-	-
12.b Other non-monetary financial liabilities	(19.116)	(16.739)	-	(2.376)
13. Current liabilities	(5.824.539)	(5.728.718)	(93.361)	(2.458)
14. Trade payables	-	-	-	-
15. Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
16.a Other monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
16.b Other non-monetary financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
17. Non-current liabilities	-	-	-	-
18. Total liabilities	(5.824.539)	(5.728.718)	(93.361)	(2.458)
19. Net asset/liability position of off balance sheet asset and liabilities (19a-19b)	212.513	212.513	-	-
19.a Total derivative assets	212.513	212.513	-	-
19.b Total derivative liabilities	-	-	-	-
Net foreign currency asset/(liability) position (9+18+19)	(2.181.250)	(2.251.133)	70.918	(1.033)
Net foreign currency asset/(liability) position of monetary items (1+2a+5+6a+10+11+12a+14+15+16a)	(2.375.798)	(2.447.202)	70.062	1.343
22. Fair value of derivative instruments held for hedging	-	-	-	-
23. Hedged foreign currency assets	-	-	-	-
24. Hedged foreign currency liabilities	-	-	-	-
25. Export (*)	22.306.417	21.346.396	947.826	12.194
26. Import (*)	49.915.629	49.857.112	45.517	13.000

(*) Transit sales and purchases are included.

(**) Previous year Turkish Lira equivalent amounts are prepared based on 2024 purchasing power.

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Group's consolidated assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are as follows:

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Assets	2.935.070	3.430.776
Liabilities	(4.993.974)	(5.824.539)
Net asset/liability position	(2.058.904)	(2.393.763)
Derivative instruments net position	-	212.513
Net foreign currency asset/liability position	(2.058.904)	(2.181.250)
Inventories under the natural hedge (*)	1.617.737	2.294.903
Net foreign currency position after the natural hedge	(441.167)	113.653

(*) The Group manages its foreign currency risk by regularly considering and reflecting the foreign exchange rate changes in the determination of product prices (natural hedge). As of 31 December 2024, the Group has LPG amounting to TRY 1.617.737 thousand (31 December 2023: TRY 2.294.903 thousand).

The Group is exposed to currency risk due to its operations in foreign currency. The currency risk managed with a comprehensive risk monitoring system by analysis of the monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency in the consolidated financial statements, by treasury transactions, natural hedging, derivative transaction contracts within the targeted limits.

Foreign currency sensitivity:

The Group is mainly exposed to foreign currency risk in USD and EUR.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the USD and EUR. 10% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis only includes outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 10% change in foreign currency rates. The sensitivity analysis includes external loans as well as loans to foreign operations within the Group where the denomination of the loan is in a currency other than the currency of the lender or the borrower.

A positive number indicates an increase in profit/loss and other equity accounts.

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

	31 December 2024			
	Income/(Expense)		Equity	
	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation
10% fluctuation of USD rate				
USD net asset/(liability)	(196.488)	196.488	(196.488)	196.488
Secured portion from USD risk	-	-	-	-
USD net effect	(196.488)	196.488	(196.488)	196.488
10% fluctuation of Euro rate				
Euro net asset/(liability)	(134)	134	(134)	134
Secured portion from Euro risk	-	-	-	-
Euro net effect	(134)	134	(134)	134
Total net effect	(196.622)	196.622	(196.622)	196.622

	31 December 2023			
	Income/(Expense)		Equity	
	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation	Foreign exchange appreciation	Foreign exchange depreciation
10% fluctuation of USD rate				
USD net asset/(liability)	(244.720)	244.720	(244.720)	244.720
Secured portion from USD risk	21.251	(21.251)	21.251	(21.251)
USD net effect	(223.469)	223.469	(223.469)	223.469
10% fluctuation of Euro rate				
Euro net asset/(liability)	7.006	(7.006)	7.006	(7.006)
Secured portion from Euro risk	-	-	-	-
Euro net effect	7.006	(7.006)	7.006	(7.006)
Total net effect	(216.463)	216.463	(216.463)	216.463

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Currency forward agreements

The Group has no forward purchase/sale agreements as of 31 December 2024. The Group's forward purchase/sale agreements as of 31 December 2023 are shown in the table below.

				31 December 2023	
Maturity	Parity	Type of contract	Transactions	Total amount	Currency
91-93 days	30,04-30,99	Forward	Buys USD, sells TL	5.000	USD

b.3.2. Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk due to the effect of changes in interest rates on the Group's assets and liabilities having interest returns. The risk is managed by the Group by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings, by the use of interest rate swap contracts and interest rate forward contracts. Hedging activities are evaluated regularly to align with interest rate views and defined risk appetite; ensuring optimal hedging strategies are applied, by either positioning the balance sheet or protecting interest expense through different interest rate cycles.

Details of the Group's financial instruments that are sensitive to interest rates are as follows:

Interest rate position

	31 December 2024	31 December 2023
Instruments with fixed interest rate		
Time deposits	3.633.998	4.627.425
Borrowings and bonds issued	1.295.839	1.926.282
Instruments with floating interest rate		
Borrowings and bond issued	704.742	1.279.327

If the interest rates in terms of all the currency units higher/lower by 100 basis points and all other variables held constant, profit before taxation would have been higher/lower by TRY 19 thousand as of 31 December 2023 (As of 31 December 2023: TRY 629 thousand).

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31 December 2024	Financial assets at amortized cost	Loans and receivables	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit (loss)	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Book value	Note
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	3.844.031	-	-	-	-	3.844.031	4
Trade receivables	-	4.143.571	-	-	-	4.143.571	8, 32
Other financial assets	-	-	4.166.311	13.634	-	4.179.945	5
Other receivables	-	19.124	-	-	-	19.124	9
Financial liabilities							
Short-term and long-term borrowings	-	-	-	-	2.000.581	2.000.581	6
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	4.541.641	4.541.641	8, 32
Liabilities for employee benefits	-	-	-	-	110.708	110.708	10
Other payables	-	-	-	-	288.115	288.115	9, 32
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	4.282	4.282	19

31 December 2023	Financial assets at amortized cost	Loans and receivables	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit (loss)	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Book value	Note
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	4.871.616	-	-	-	-	4.871.616	4
Trade receivables	-	5.818.886	-	-	-	5.818.886	8, 32
Other financial assets	-	-	3.838.595	13.925	-	3.852.520	5
Other receivables	-	15.751	-	-	-	15.751	9
Financial liabilities							
Short-term and long-term borrowings	-	-	-	-	3.205.609	3.205.609	6
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	7.555.773	7.555.773	8, 32
Liabilities for employee benefits	-	-	-	-	89.714	89.714	10
Other payables	-	-	-	-	318.683	318.683	9, 32
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	30.444	30.444	19

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NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy table

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- First level: The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined with reference to actively traded market prices;
- Second level: Other than market prices specified at first level, the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are evaluated with reference to inputs that used to determine directly or indirectly observable price in market;
- Third level: The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are evaluated with reference to inputs that used to determine fair value but not relying on observable data in the market.

Level classifications of financial assets and liabilities at fair value are as follows:

Financial assets/(liabilities)	Level of fair value as of reporting date			
	31 December 2024	1st level	2nd level	3rd level
Financial assets measured at fair value	4.179.945	4.166.311	8.737	4.897
Derivative financial instruments	-	-	-	-

Financial assets/(liabilities)	Level of fair value as of reporting date			
	31 December 2023	1st level	2nd level	3rd level
Financial assets measured at fair value	3.852.520	3.839.265	8.358	4.897
Derivative financial instruments	(1.483)	-	(1.483)	-

Information for reflecting financial assets and liabilities at fair value:

Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation, and is best evidenced by a quoted market price, if one exists.

The estimated fair values of financial instruments have been determined by the Group, using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. However, judgements are necessarily required to interpret the market data to estimate the fair value. Accordingly, the estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Group could realize in a current market exchange.

Following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of the financial instruments for which is practicable to estimate fair value:

Financial assets

The carrying amounts of foreign currency denominated monetary assets which are translated at year end exchange rates are considered to approximate their fair values.

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**NOTE 33 – NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK DERIVED FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS
(Continued)**

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents are estimated to be their fair values since they are short-term.

The carrying values of trade receivables along with the related allowances for uncollectability are estimated to be their fair values.

Financial Liabilities

The carrying values of short-term financial liabilities and other financial liabilities are estimated to be their fair values since they are short-term.

NOTE 34 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In the decision of the Board of Directors dated 24 January 2025, it was decided to increase the capital of Sendeo, one of the subsidiaries of the Company, by TRY 400.000 thousand, and TRY 110.000 thousand corresponding to the Company's share was paid in cash on 27 January 2025.

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